

Planning by	Reviewed	Performed by	Final review



Mogale City Local Municipality
Annual Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2015

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

General Information

Legal form of entity	Municipality in terms of section 1 of the Local Government:Municipal Structures Act (Act 117 of 1998) read with section 155 (1) of the Constitution of the republic of South Africa (Act 108 of 1996)
Nature of business and principal activities	Municipality
Legislation governing the municipality's operations	Local Government:Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no.56 of 2003) Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) Local Government: Municipal Structures Act (Act 117 of 1998) Constitution of the Republic of south Africa (Act 108 of 1998) Property Rates Act (act of 6 2004) Division of Revenue Act (Act 1 of 2007)
Mayoral committee	
Executive Mayor	Cllr K.C Seerane
	Speaker: Cllr.S.M. Thupane
Councillors	Chief Whip: Cllr.S.Dube
	MMC Finance: Cllr.F.O.Bhayat
	MMC Human Settlement and Rural Development:Cllr.K.A.Setswalo-Moja
	MMC Roads & Transport: Cllr.B.Friedman
	MMC Corporate Support Services: Cllr.M.A.Mathibe
	MMC Infrastructure Services: Cllr.S.Letsie
	MMC Economic Services: Cllr.M.Khuzwayo
	MMC Health and Social Services:Cllr.E.Mathe
	MMC Intergrated Environment Management: Cllr.N.C Mangole
	MMC Sports and Recreation: Cllr .N.Kufa
	MMC Public Safety: Cllr.N.E.Mdlulwa
Grading of local authority	High Capacity(Grade 5)
Accounting Officer	Mr D.M Mashitisho
Chief Finance Officer (CFO)	Mr. L.M.E Mahuma
Registered office	Civic Centre Cnr Commissioner & Market Street Krugersdorp 1740
Business address	Civic Centre Cnr Commissioner & Market Street Krugersdorp 1740
Postal address	P.O Box 94 Krugersdorp 1740
Bankers	Standard Bank of South Africa
Auditors	Auditor -General South Africa (AGSA)

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Index

The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the auditor general:

Index	Page
Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval	3
Statement of Financial Position	4
Statement of Financial Performance	5
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	6
Cash Flow Statement	7
Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts	8 - 9
Appropriation Statement	10 - 12
Accounting Policies	13 - 30
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	31 - 88

Abbreviations

COIDA	Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act
GDCOGTA	Gauteng Department of Co-operative Governance and traditional Affairs
DBSA	Development Bank of South Africa
GRAP	Generally Recognised Accounting Practice
MSIG	Municipal System Improvement grant
NDPG	Neighbourhood development and partnership grant
GDARD	Gauteng department of agriculture and rural development
LGSETA	Local Government Services Sector Education & Training Authority
DHS	Department of Human Settlement
BKB	Bontle ke Botho
WRDM	West Rand District Municipality
MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act
MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (Previously CMIP)
SRAC	Sports, Recreation, Arts & Culture
DOE	Department of Energy
GDSD	Gauteng Department of Social Development

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval

The Accounting Officer is required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is the responsibility of the Accounting Officer to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the municipality as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements and were given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data.

The annual financial statements were prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The annual financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Accounting Officer acknowledges that he is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the municipality and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the Accounting Officer to meet these responsibilities, he sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or deficit in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the municipality and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the municipality's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the municipality is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the municipality. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the municipality endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The Accounting Officer is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or deficit.

The Accounting Officer has reviewed the municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2016 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, he is satisfied that the municipality has, or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The annual financial statements are prepared on the basis that the municipality is a going concern and that the municipality has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate or curtail materially the scale of the municipality.

Although the management is primarily responsible for the financial affairs of the municipality, they are supported by the municipality's internal auditors.

The annual financial statements set out on page 4 to 88, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the Accounting Officer on 31 August 2015:

Accounting Officer
Dan Mashitisho

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Financial Position

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2015	2014 Restated*
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	2	15 159 398	14 057 661
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	3	250 948 337	144 299 811
Receivable from exchange transactions	4	213 169 964	271 678 379
Cash and cash equivalents	5	165 853 425	96 704 604
Operating lease asset	6	191 997	296 263
		645 323 121	527 036 718
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investment property	7	528 388 483	507 367 638
Property, plant and equipment	8	5 391 433 881	5 220 624 872
Intangible assets	9	20 864 501	4 860 464
Heritage assets	10	1 555 766	1 552 150
Financial assets	11	61 607 559	53 934 765
		6 003 850 190	5 788 339 889
Non-Current Assets		6 003 850 190	5 788 339 889
Current Assets		645 323 121	527 036 718
Total Assets		6 649 173 311	6 315 376 607
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Employee benefit obligation	13	18 829 727	19 628 430
Finance lease obligation	14	3 884 181	2 643 739
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	15	23 822 567	8 183 204
Provisions	16	14 084 708	12 013 199
Payables from exchange transactions	18	527 403 386	441 144 643
Financial liabilities	19	41 345 977	23 154 351
Sundry deposits	20	10 590 585	9 968 309
VAT payable	21	61 135 743	71 703 521
Consumer deposits	22	50 541 773	45 609 474
		751 638 647	634 048 870
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Employee benefit obligation	13	209 371 352	177 607 089
Financial liabilities	19	511 478 252	320 848 444
Provisions	16	16 420 886	14 894 227
Finance lease obligation	14	7 675 114	969 241
		744 945 604	514 319 001
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		744 945 604	514 319 001
CURRENT LIABILITIES		751 638 647	634 048 870
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1 496 584 251	1 148 367 871
Assets		6 649 173 311	6 315 376 607
LIABILITIES		(1 496 584 251)	(1 148 367 871)
NET ASSETS		5 152 589 060	5 167 008 736
NET ASSETS			
Social Responsibility Fund		10 390 763	7 210 624
Accumulated surplus		5 142 198 297	5 159 798 112
TOTAL NET ASSETS		5 152 589 060	5 167 008 736

* See Note 44

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Financial Performance

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2015	2014 Restated*
Revenue			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Service charges	25	1 223 217 795	1 122 808 921
Rental of facilities and equipment	26	3 365 966	2 969 096
Interest received - Outstanding debtors		22 291 041	14 517 937
Income from agency services	27	22 184 201	21 407 917
Licences and permits		19 448	28 140
Other receivables income	28	91 787 667	86 094 218
Interest received - investment	29	17 329 001	12 624 109
Dividends received	29	18 666	34 455
Total revenue from exchange transactions		1 380 213 785	1 260 484 793
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Taxation revenue			
Property rates	30	394 494 590	308 722 620
Penalties imposed	30	24 995 256	32 025 759
Transfer revenue			
Government grants & subsidies	31	350 004 565	340 624 729
Fines, penalties and forfeits		134 576 988	170 003 359
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions		904 071 399	851 376 467
		1 380 213 785	1 260 484 793
		904 071 399	851 376 467
Total revenue	24	2 284 285 184	2 111 861 260
Expenditure			
Employee related costs	32	(536 545 368)	485 526 117
Remuneration of councillors	33	(25 254 320)	(24 074 379)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	34	(229 558 686)	(269 168 562)
Impairment loss/ Reversal of impairments	35	(84 041)	(316 150)
Finance costs	36	(43 109 777)	(38 049 291)
Debt impairment	37	(221 886 172)	(221 290 165)
Collection costs		(27 700 578)	(34 042 830)
Repairs and maintenance	38	(66 355 399)	(69 372 350)
Bulk purchases	39	(700 134 782)	(657 955 331)
Contracted services	40	(195 884 662)	(175 811 241)
Transfers and subsidies	41	(43 096 588)	(25 461 629)
General expenses	42	(202 528 209)	(165 493 064)
Assets written off	43	(9 847 661)	(10 785 372)
Total expenditure		(2 301 986 243)	(1 206 294 247)
Total revenue		2 284 285 184	2 111 861 260
Total expenditure		(2 301 986 243)	(1 206 294 247)
Operating (deficit) surplus		(17 701 059)	905 567 013
(Deficit) surplus before taxation		(17 701 059)	905 567 013
Taxation		-	-
(Deficit) surplus for the year		(17 701 059)	905 567 013

* See Note 44

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	Social responsibility fund	Accumulated surplus	Total net assets
Figures in Rand			
Opening balance as previously reported	-	5 233 694 444	5 233 694 444
Adjustments			
Prior year adjustments	-	(8 822 396)	(8 822 396)
Balance at 01 July 2013 as restated*	-	5 224 872 048	5 224 872 048
Changes in net assets			
Deficit for the year	-	(65 485 923)	(65 485 923)
Total changes	-	(65 485 923)	(65 485 923)
Opening balance as previously reported	7 210 624	5 242 574 516	5 249 785 140
Adjustments			
Prior year adjustments	-	(72 319 496)	(72 319 496)
Restated* Balance at 01 July 2014 as restated*	7 210 624	5 159 798 112	5 167 008 736
Changes in net assets			
Deficit for the year	-	(17 701 058)	(17 701 058)
Corporate social responsibility fund	3 180 139	-	3 180 139
Total changes	3 180 139	(17 701 058)	(14 520 919)
Balance at 30 June 2015	10 390 763	5 142 198 297	5 152 589 060

See note 44 for more details

* See Note 44

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Cash Flow Statement

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2015	2014 Restated*
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Property rates		370 073 273	344 658 276
Cash receipts from services rendered		1 032 471 970	945 132 133
Government Grants		365 643 928	340 823 913
Interest income		17 329 001	12 624 109
Dividends received		18 666	34 455
Other receipts		121 677 674	183 623 253
		1 907 214 512	1 826 896 139
Payments			
Employee costs		(527 005 245)	(456 570 879)
Cash paid to suppliers and other payments		(1 086 646 028)	(1 069 662 100)
Finance costs (Interest paid)		(43 109 777)	(38 049 291)
		(1 656 761 050)	(1 564 282 270)
Total receipts		1 907 214 512	1 826 896 139
Total payments		(1 656 761 050)	(1 564 282 270)
Net cash flows from operating activities	45	250 453 462	262 613 869
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(363 611 752)	(212 227 819)
Purchase of investment property		(7 215 593)	(19 701)
Purchase of intangible assets		(19 568 637)	(4 478 356)
Purchases of heritage assets		(3 615)	-
Purchase of investments		(7 672 794)	(6 827 217)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(398 072 391)	(223 553 093)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from long-term liabilities		239 500 000	-
Repayment of long term liabilities		(30 678 566)	(22 639 803)
Finance lease payments		7 946 315	(9 879 641)
Net cash flows from financing activities		216 767 749	(32 519 445)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		69 148 820	6 541 331
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		96 704 604	90 163 273
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5	165 853 424	96 704 604

* See Note 44

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts

Budget on Accrual Basis

	Approved budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual amounts on comparable basis	Difference between final budget and actual	Reference
Figures in Rand						
Statement of Financial Performance						
Revenue						
Revenue from exchange transactions						
Services charges	1 280 060 786	(10 069 385)	1 269 991 401	1 223 217 795	(46 773 606)	
Rental of facilities and equipment	3 507 571	(255 433)	3 252 138	3 365 966	113 828	
Interest received outstanding debtors	13 732 197	18 567 262	32 299 459	22 291 041	(10 008 418)	
Income from agency services	24 950 345	(3 542 428)	21 407 917	22 184 201	776 284	
Licence and permits	23 588	(1 928)	21 660	19 448	(2 212)	
Other income	54 167 426	(845 202)	53 322 224	91 787 667	38 465 443	
Interest received - investment	1 468 352	4 370 516	5 838 868	17 329 001	11 490 133	
Dividends received	-	-	-	18 666	18 666	
Total revenue	1 377 910 265	8 223 402	1 386 133 667	1 380 213 785	(5 919 882)	
Revenue from non-exchange transactions						
Taxation revenue						
Property rates	316 405 570	31 246 695	347 652 265	394 494 590	46 842 325	
Penalties imposed	32 485 834	(7 176 179)	25 309 655	24 995 256	(314 399)	
Transfer revenue						
Government grants & subsidies	372 996 229	(1 116 347)	371 879 882	350 004 565	(21 875 317)	
Fines, penalties and forfeits	23 522 182	-	23 522 182	134 576 988	111 054 806	
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions	745 409 815	22 954 169	768 363 984	904 071 399	135 707 415	
'Total revenue from exchange transactions'	1 377 910 265	8 223 402	1 386 133 667	1 380 213 785	(5 919 882)	
	745 409 815	22 954 169	768 363 984	904 071 399	135 707 415	
Total revenue	2 123 320 080	31 177 571	2 154 497 651	2 284 285 184	129 787 533	
Expenditure						
Employee related costs	571 727 225	4 423 812	576 151 037	536 545 368	(39 605 669)	
Remuneration of councillors	28 386 637	-	28 386 637	25 254 320	(3 132 317)	
Depreciation and amortisation	281 809 042	-	281 809 042	229 558 686	(52 250 356)	
Debt impairment	45 775 377	71 308 323	117 083 700	221 886 172	104 802 472	
Finance costs	58 067 498	(5 000 000)	53 067 498	43 109 777	(9 957 721)	
Impairment loss/Reversal of impairments	-	-	-	84 041	84 041	
Collection costs	28 337 053	(45 000)	28 292 053	27 700 578	(591 475)	
Repairs and maintenance	75 280 869	5 192 310	80 473 179	66 355 400	(14 117 779)	
Bulk purchases	753 694 713	-	753 694 713	700 134 782	(53 559 931)	
Contracted services	227 334 776	(6 999 764)	220 335 012	195 884 662	(24 450 350)	
Transfers and subsidies	39 419 554	200 000	39 619 554	43 096 588	3 477 034	
General expenses	260 574 925	7 820 062	268 394 987	212 375 870	(56 019 117)	
Total expenditure	2 370 407 669	76 899 743	2 447 307 412	2 301 986 244	(145 321 168)	
	(247 087 589)	(45 722 172)	(292 809 761)	(17 525 665)	275 284 096	
Deficit for the year	(247 087 589)	(45 722 172)	(292 809 761)	(17 525 665)	275 284 096	
Surplus before taxation	(247 087 589)	(45 722 172)	(292 809 761)	(17 525 665)	275 284 096	
Taxation	-	-	-	-	-	

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts

Budget on Accrual Basis

	Approved budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual amounts on comparable basis	Difference between final budget and actual	Reference
Figures in Rand						
s	(247 087 589)	(45 722 172)	(292 809 761)	(17 525 665)	275 284 096	See note 46

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Appropriation Statement

Figures in Rand

	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
2015											
Financial Performance											
Property rates	316 405 570	31 246 695	347 652 265	-		347 652 265	394 494 590		46 842 325	113 %	125 %
Service charges	1 280 060 786	(10 069 385)	1 269 991 401	-		1 269 991 401	1 223 217 796		(46 773 605)	96 %	96 %
Investment revenue	1 548 637	4 290 231	5 838 868	-		5 838 868	17 347 667		11 508 799	297 %	1 120 %
Transfers recognised - operational	250 984 100	2 645 700	253 629 800	-		253 629 800	250 761 723		(2 868 077)	99 %	100 %
Other own revenue	152 308 858	6 826 377	159 135 235	-		159 135 235	299 220 568		140 085 333	188 %	196 %
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	2 001 307 951	34 939 618	2 036 247 569	-		2 036 247 569	2 185 042 344		148 794 775	107 %	109 %
Employee costs	(571 727 225)	(4 423 812)	(576 151 037)	-	-	(576 151 037)	(536 545 368)	-	39 605 669	93 %	94 %
Remuneration of councillors	(28 386 637)	-	(28 386 637)	-	-	(28 386 637)	(25 254 320)	-	3 132 317	89 %	89 %
Debt impairment	(45 775 377)	(71 308 323)	(117 083 700)			(117 083 700)	(221 886 172)	-	(104 802 472)	190 %	485 %
Depreciation and asset impairment	(281 809 042)	-	(281 809 042)			(281 809 042)	(229 642 734)	-	52 166 308	81 %	81 %
Finance charges	(58 067 498)	5 000 000	(53 067 498)	-	-	(53 067 498)	(43 109 777)	-	9 957 721	81 %	74 %
Materials and bulk purchases	(828 975 576)	(5 192 316)	(834 167 892)	-	-	(834 167 892)	(766 490 182)	-	67 677 710	92 %	92 %
Transfers and grants	(39 419 554)	(200 000)	(39 619 554)	-	-	(39 619 554)	(43 096 588)	-	(3 477 034)	109 %	109 %
Other expenditure	(516 246 760)	(775 292)	(517 022 052)	-	-	(517 022 052)	(435 961 110)	-	81 060 942	84 %	84 %
Total expenditure	(2 370 407 669)	(76 899 743)	(2 447 307 412)	-	-	(2 447 307 412)	(2 301 986 251)	-	145 321 161	94 %	97 %
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	2 001 307 951	34 939 618	2 036 247 569	-	-	2 036 247 569	2 185 042 344	-	148 794 775	107 %	109 %
Total expenditure	(2 370 407 669)	(76 899 743)	(2 447 307 412)	-	-	(2 447 307 412)	(2 301 986 251)	-	145 321 161	94 %	97 %
Surplus/(Deficit)	(369 099 718)	(41 960 125)	(411 059 843)	-		(411 059 843)	(116 943 907)		294 115 936	28 %	32 %

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Appropriation Statement

Figures in Rand

	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
Transfers recognised - capital	(122 012 129)	3 912 047	(118 100 082)	-		(118 100 082)	99 242 842		217 342 924	(84)%	(81)%
Surplus/(Deficit)	(369 099 718)	(41 960 125)	(411 059 843)	-	-	(411 059 843)	(116 943 907)	-	294 115 936	28 %	32 %
Capital transfers and contributions	(122 012 129)	3 912 047	(118 100 082)	-	-	(118 100 082)	99 242 842	-	217 342 924	(84)%	(81)%
Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	(491 111 847)	(38 048 078)	(529 159 925)	-		(529 159 925)	(17 701 065)		511 458 860	3 %	4 %
Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	(491 111 847)	(38 048 078)	(529 159 925)	-	-	(529 159 925)	(17 701 065)	-	511 458 860	3 %	4 %
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(491 111 847)	(38 048 078)	(529 159 925)	-		(529 159 925)	(17 701 065)		511 458 860	3 %	4 %

Capital expenditure and funds sources

Total capital expenditure	(483 995 869)	22 086 501	(461 909 368)	-		(461 909 368)	(396 938 717)		64 970 651	86 %	82 %
Sources of capital funds											
Transfers recognised - capital	(122 012 129)	3 912 047	(118 100 082)	-		(118 100 082)	(99 242 844)		18 857 238	84 %	81 %
Public contributions and donations	-	(10 000 000)	(10 000 000)	-		(10 000 000)	(1 500 000)		8 500 000	15 %	DIV/0 %
Borrowing	(239 500 000)	-	(239 500 000)	-		(239 500 000)	(202 175 486)		37 324 514	84 %	84 %
Internally generated funds	(122 483 740)	28 174 454	(94 309 286)	-		(94 309 286)	(94 020 388)		288 898	100 %	77 %
Total sources of capital funds	(483 995 869)	22 086 501	(461 909 368)	-		(461 909 368)	(396 938 718)		64 970 650	86 %	82 %

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Appropriation Statement

Figures in Rand

	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
Cash flows											
Net cash from (used) operating	250 014 889	(91 459 572)	158 555 317	-		158 555 317	-		(158 555 317)	- %	- %
Net cash from (used) investing	(481 995 869)	20 086 501	(461 909 368)	-		(461 909 368)	-		461 909 368	- %	- %
Net cash from (used) financing	211 605 760	(3 099 000)	208 506 760	-		208 506 760	-		(208 506 760)	- %	- %
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(20 375 220)	(74 472 071)	(94 847 291)	-		(94 847 291)	-		94 847 291	- %	- %
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	27 267 002	69 438 284	96 705 286	-		96 705 286	-		(96 705 286)	- %	- %
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(20 375 220)	(74 472 071)	(94 847 291)	-	-	(94 847 291)	-	-	(94 847 291)	- %	- %
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	27 267 002	69 438 284	96 705 286	-	-	96 705 286	-	-	96 705 286	- %	- %
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	6 891 782	(5 033 787)	1 857 995	-		1 857 995	-		1 857 995	- %	- %

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

1 THE REPORTING ENTITY

1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003).

The cash flow statement has been prepared in accordance with the direct method. The amount and nature of any restrictions on the cash balance are disclosed.

1.2 GRAP Standards effective for the current financial year

During the current financial year, the following accounting standard, interpretations and amendments published by accounting standards board were adopted by the municipality during 2015 financial year:

GRAP 5 Borrowing cost and 100 Discounted operations

1.3 Standards approved not yet effective

The following published Standards of GRAP and Interpretations became effective and were not adopted in the preparation of the annual financial statements.

GRAP 18 Segmenting reporting:

This standard become effective for financial year commencing on or after 01 April 2015 but not yet for municipalities.

GRAP 20 Related party disclosures (revised) Mogale City is continuing disclosing related party using IPSAS 20

GRAP 32 Service Concession Arrangements where a grantor controls a significant residual interest in an assets. This standard applies to an asset used in a service concession arrangement for its entire economic life. Since the municipality has no service concession no significant impact on the financial statement of Mogale City is expected.

GRAP 105 Transfer of functions between entities under common control:

This standard prescribes the establishment over accounting principles for the acquirer and transferer in a transfer of functions between entities under common control. Since the municipality has no entities under common control, no significant impact on the financial statement of Mogale City is expected.

GRAP 106 Transfer of functions between entities not under common control:

This standard prescribes the establishment over accounting principles for the acquirer and transfer of functions between entities under common control. Since the municipality has no entities under common control, no significant impact on the financial statement of the entity is expected.

GRAP 107 Mergers:

This standard prescribes the establishment over accounting principles for the combined entity and combining entities in a merger. Since Mogale City has no combined entity and combining entities in a merger, no significant impact on the financial statement of the entity is expected.

GRAP 108 Statutory receivables

Statutory receivables are receivables that:

- arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means; and
- require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset.

Statutory receivables constitute revenue receivable from property rates, fines, penalties, grants and fees charged in terms of legislation.

The municipality recognises statutory receivables as follows:

- if the transaction is an exchange transaction, using GRAP 9;
- if the transaction is a non-exchange transaction, using GRAP 23;
- if the transaction is not within the scope of either GRAP 9 or GRAP 23, the receivable is recognised when :
 - The definition of an asset is met; it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the municipality and the transaction amount can be measured reliably.

The municipality measures a statutory receivable initially at its transaction amount.

The municipality measures all statutory receivables after initial recognition using the cost method.

Under the cost method the amount recognised initially is only changed subsequently to reflect any:

- interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable;
- impairment loss; and
- amounts derecognised.

The municipality assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a statutory receivable or group of statutory receivables is impaired.

For amounts due to the municipality, significant financial difficulties of the receivable, probability that the receivable will enter bankruptcy and default payments are all considered indicators of impairment.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

IGRAP 17 Service Concession arrangements where a grantor controls a significant residual interest in an asset. The standard of GRAP on Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor requires the grantor to recognise a service concession asset provided by the operator and upgrade to an existing asset of the grantor. Since the municipality has no service concession no significant impact on the financial statement of Mogale City is expected.

1.4 Standards not implemented

The following approved and effective Standards of GRAP have not been implemented in the preparation of the annual financial statements as they are not applicable to the business operations of Mogale City.

GRAP 4	The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates
GRAP 6	Consolidated and separate financial instruments
GRAP 7	Investments in associates
GRAP 8	Interest in joint ventures
GRAP 10	Financial reporting in hyperinflationary economies
GRAP 11	Construction contracts
GRAP 26	Impairment of cash-generating assets
GRAP 27	Agriculture

1.5 Basis of measurement

These annual financial statements were prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention as the basis of measurement, unless specified otherwise.

1.6 Functional and presentation currency

The annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is Mogale City's functional currency. All financial information presented in Rand has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

1.7 Going Concern

The financial statements were prepared on a going-concern basis. The assumption is that Mogale city will be able to continue operating for a period of time that is sufficient to carry out its commitments, obligations and objectives.

1.8 Use of estimates

Management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future in applying its accounting policies. The resulting accounting estimates may, by definition, not equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are detailed in the notes to the financial statements where applicable.

Management continually evaluates estimates and judgments based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions are recognised in the period in which the estimates are reviewed and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the Mogale City's accounting policies, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

1.8.1 Classification of leases

All arrangements that are classified as leases are evaluated as operating and finance leases. These are then accounted in the annual financial statements in terms of the relevant GRAP standard.

1.8.2 Employee benefits including pension and other post-employment benefits

The cost of defined-benefit pension plans and other employment medical benefits is determined using actuarial valuations.

The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

1.8.3 Impairment of receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of receivables is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments. This was performed per service identifiable categories across all debtor classes.

1.8.4 Impairment of property, plant and equipment, heritage assets and intangible assets

The calculation in respect of the impairment of property, plant and equipment is based on an assessment of the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset has declined below the carrying amount. This was performed across all classes of property, plant and equipment.

1.8.5 Provisions, landfill rehabilitation provision and contingent liabilities

Management's judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions, landfill rehabilitation provision and contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the effect of discounting is material, using actuarial valuations.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

1.8.6 Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The useful lives of assets are based on management's estimates. Management considers the impact of technology, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful-life expectation, where appropriate.

The estimated residual values of assets are also based on management's judgement on whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and what their condition will be at that time.

1.9 Budget information

Mogale City is typically subject to budgetary limits in the form of budget authorisations (or equivalent), which is given effect through MFMA and the appropriate budget regulations.

The approved budget:

- Is presented by economic classification linked to performance outcome objectives; and
- Covers the fiscal period from 01 July to 30 June, annually.

The annual financial statements and the budget are prepared on the same basis of accounting. A comparison with the budgeted amounts for the reporting period was included in the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

A difference of ten percent (10%) or more between budget and actual amounts is regarded as material. All material differences are explained in the notes to the annual financial statements.

1.10 Consistency of policies

The accounting policies, which are in all material respects consistent with those applied in the previous year, except as stated in note , are set out below.

1.11 Corresponding figures

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are reclassified. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed.

Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated according

2 FINANCIAL REPORTING TERMS

2.1 Assets acquired at no costs/nominal cost

Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, its cost is its fair value as at date of acquisition.

2.2 Cash generating assets

Cash generating assets are those assets held by Mogale City with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. When an asset is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit orientated entity, it generates a commercial return.

2.3 Carrying Amount

Carrying amount is the amount at which an asset is recognised in the statement of financial position after deducting any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses thereon.

2.4 Cash generating unit

A cash generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

If an active market exists for the output produced by an asset or group of assets, that asset or group of assets is identified as a cash generating unit, even if some or all of the output is used internally. If the cash inflows generated by any asset or cash generating unit are affected by internal transfer pricing, Mogale City use management's best estimate of future price(s) that could be achieved in arm's length transactions in estimating:

The future cash inflows used to determine the asset's or cash generating unit's value in use; and

The future cash outflow used to determine the value in use of any other assets or cash generating units that are affected by the internal transfer pricing

2.5 Costs of disposal

Costs of disposal are incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset, excluding finance costs.

2.6 Cost of inventories

The cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

2.7 Current replacement cost

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

Current replacement cost is the cost the municipality incurs to acquire the asset on the reporting date.

2.8 Depreciation (Amortisation)

Depreciation (Amortisation) is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life.

2.9 Exchange transactions for non-monetary assets

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination thereof, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost), unless the fair value of neither the asset received nor the asset given up is reliably measurable. If the acquired item is not measured at its cost, its cost is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

2.10 Discount rate

The discount rate is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money, represented by the current risk free rate of interest and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

2.11 Fair value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

2.12 Impairment Loss

Impairment is a loss in the future economic benefits or service potential of an asset, over and above the systematic recognition of the loss of the asset's future economic benefits or service potential through depreciation (amortisation)

2.13 Net realisable value

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange or distribution.

2.14 Non-cash generating assets

Non-cash generating assets are assets other than cash generating assets.

2.15 Recognition criteria for assets

Assets are recognised if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential will flow to Mogale City from the assets and the costs/fair value of the assets can be reliably measured. This applies to the following types of assets:

Property, plant and equipment;

Investment property;

Intangible asset ; and

Heritage assets.

2.16 Recoverable amount

Recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

2.17 Recoverable service amount

Recoverable service amount is the higher of non-cash generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

2.18 Useful life

Useful life is either:

The period of time over which an asset is expected to be used by Mogale City; or

The number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by Mogale City.

2.19 Value in use of non-cash generating assets

Value in use of non-cash generating assets is the present value of the non-cash generating assets remaining service potential.

The present value of the remaining service potential of a non-cash generating assets is determined using the depreciated replacement cost approach.

The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential.

The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.

The replacement cost and reproduction cost of an asset is determined on an "optimised" basis. The rationale is that Mogale City would not replace or reproduce the asset with a like asset if the asset to be replaced or reproduced is an overdesigned or overcapacity asset.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

Overdesigned assets contain features which are unnecessary for the goods or services the asset provides. Overcapacity assets are assets that have a greater capacity than is necessary to meet the demand for goods or services the asset provides. The determination of the replacement cost or reproduction cost of an asset on an optimised basis thus reflects the service potential required of the asset.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one period.

Mogale City maintains and acquires assets to provide a social service to the community, with no intention of disposing of the assets for any economic gain.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost, including all directly attributable costs necessary to bring the asset to its required working condition for its intended use. Subsequently property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Where property, plant and equipment are acquired through non-exchange transactions, the cost is deemed to be the item's fair value on the date of acquisition.

3.1.1 Assets under construction

Costs capitalised for work in progress in respect of activities to develop, enhance, or expand items of property, plant and equipment are classified as part of assets under construction. Assets under construction are capitalised once they are ready for use, that is, recognition of costs in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Assets under construction are carried at historical costs net of any impairment losses. Finance expenditure, net of finance income, are capitalised on qualifying asset. Depreciation only commences once the asset is ready for use.

3.1.2 Significant components

Significant components, major spare parts and standby equipment's that have different useful lives or can be used in more than one period, are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Spare parts and stand by equipment which can only be used in connection with a specific item of property, plant and equipment are accounted for as part of that item.

3.1.3 Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits or potential service delivery of the assets are enhanced in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance. If expenditure only restores the originally assessed standard of performance, it is regarded as repairs and maintenance, and is expensed. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Major inspection costs which are a condition of continuing use of an item of property, plant and equipment and which meet the recognition criteria above are included as a replacement in the cost of the item of property, plant and equipment. Any remaining inspection costs from the previous inspection are derecognised.

3.1.4 Derecognition of items of property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset.

Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of items of property, plant and equipment are included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. This is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

3.1.5 Reclassification of items of Property, Plant and Equipment

Assets which Mogale City holds for rentals to others and subsequently routinely sell as part of the ordinary course of activities are transferred to inventories when the rentals end and the assets are available for sale. These assets are not accounted for as non-current assets held for sale. Proceeds from sales of these assets are recognised as revenue.

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is re-measured to fair value and reclassified accordingly.

Any gain arising on this re-measurement is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a previous impairment

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

loss on the specific property, with any remaining gain recognised in statement of financial position and presented in the revaluation reserve. Any loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

3.1.6 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on cost, using the straight line method, over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit in the financial performance. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where appropriate, the term of the relevant lease, and are recognised in the statement of financial performance. The residual value, useful life and depreciation method of each asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting date. Changes in the above are accounted for as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance, on a prospective basis.

As Mogale City maintains and acquires assets to provide a social service to the community, the useful lives and economic lives of these assets are equal. Consequently, no residual values are determined.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

ASSET TYPE	COMPONENT TYPE	Economic Useful Lives
Pavements	Bituminous surface - thick	12
	Bituminous surface - medium	9
	Bituminous surface - thin	5
	Gravel surface	3
	Concrete/ block surface	20
	Structural layers - paved arterial/ distributors	30
	Structural layers - paved collectors	50
	Structural layers - paved access roads	80
Earthworks	Cut and fill earthworks	100
Road drainage	Kerbs - Arterial/ Distributor	20
	Kerbs - Collector/ Access	50
	Kerb inlets	20
	Lined open drain	50
	Unlined open drain	5
Road Furniture	Guard Rail	15
	Commuter shelter	15
	Road marking	5
	Cats eyes	3
	Mini roundabout	20
	Speed hump	20
	Traffic island	20
	Footpaths	20
	Street Signs	20
	Traffic Signs	7
	Rubbish bins	10
	Bill boards	7
	Traffic signal	15
	Bridges Super-structure	100
	Sub-structure	100
	Side barrier	60
	Abutment	100
Retaining walls	Anchored wall	50
	Retaining wall	60
Storm-water Conveyance	Canal lining	50
	Gabions	50
	Rip rap	20
	Culvert	60
Mechanical plant	Pump	15
	Engine	15
	Doser	15
	Generator	20
	Waster compactor	15
	Weighbridge	15
	Gas Monitoring equipment	15
	Baler	15
Electrical plant	Batteries	3
	Motor	15

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

	Telemetry	15
	Control panel	30
	Isolator	30
	Power factor equipment	30
Civil Structure	Mild Steel structure	30
	Timber structure	15
	Masonry structure	30
	Concrete structure	50
	Earthfill dam wall	80
	Rockfill dam wall	150
	Rollcrete dam wall	200
	Dam spillway and outlets	100
	Filter media	20
	Tank - plastic	15
	Tank - steel	30
	Tank - concrete	50
	Landfill lining	50
	Mild steel fittings	20
	Stainless steel fittings	40
	Chemical toilet	10
	VIP latrine	5
	Pedestal (communal water)	10
	Tap (communal water)	5
Pipe-work	Borehole well lining	30
	uPVC pipe	60
	Steel pipe	80
	HDPE pipe	80
	Clay	100
	Concrete - sanitation	40
	Concrete - storm-water	50
	Asbestos-cement pipe	40
	Sub-soil drains	60
	Valve	20
	Hydrant	20
	Meter	10
	Erf connection - water	50
	Erf connection - sewer	50
	Communal Pedestal	10
	HV Conductors Cable	50
	Pilot Cables	50
HV Substation	HV Overhead Line	50
	Transformer	60
	VTs (voltage transformer)	45
	CTs (current transformer)	45
	AUX Transformer	45
	Transformers NEC	45
	Panel	45
	HV Switchgear - Breakers	45
	HV Switchgear - Isolators	45
MV Conductors	Cable	50
	Pilot Cables	50
	MV Overhead Line	50
MV Substation	Transformer	45
	VTs (voltage transformer)	45
	CTs (current transformer)	45
	AUX Transformer	45
	MV Switchgear - Breakers	45
	MV Switchgear - Isolators	45
	Panel	45
	Ring Main Unit	45
MV Switchgear	Breakers	45
	Isolator	45
	Panel	45
MV Transformer	Mini-Sub	45
	Pole Transformer	45
LV Conductors	LV Cable	50
LV Overhead	Lines	50
Public Lighting	Street Light	45

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

Municipal	High mast	45
	LV Cable	50
	LV Overhead Lines	50
	Electricity Meter	20
Building Elements	Air conditioning	20
	Electrical installation	30
	Finishes	10
	Fire protection	20
	Fixtures & fittings	15
	Plumbing	20
	Security system	20
	Building Structure - Walls	60
	Building Structure - Roofs	40
	Gas installation	20
	Concrete floors	50
	Small building enclosure	20
	Lifts	10
Service Connections (on site)	Service Connections (on site)	50
	Water connection	50
	Electricity	50
	VIP Latrine	5
	Septic tank	40
External improvements	Perimeter wall	30
	Fence - wire	15
	Carports	7
	Landscaping	30
	Lawns	30
	Irrigation	10
	Flood lights	30
	Light bollards	30
	External furniture	20
Sports facilities	Tennis court	15
	Bowling green	20
	Sportsfield	30
	Swimming pool	20
	Golf course	50
	Stadium	50
Furniture and Fittings		7-10
Motor Vehicles		3-10
Office Equipment		3-7
Plant and Machinery		2-15
Animals		2-26
IT Equipment		

3.2 Investment property

Investment property includes property (land or a building or part of a building or both land and buildings held under finance lease) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, production and supply of goods or services, or sale of assets in the ordinary course of operations.

Investment property is initially measured at cost and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in surplus or deficit.

Where investment property is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Compensation from third parties for investment property that was impaired, lost or given up is recognised in net surplus or deficit when it becomes receivable.

3.3 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is defined as an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance, . An asset is identifiable if it either:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the entity and sold, transferred, licenced, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements (including rights from contracts) regardless of whether those rights are transferable or

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Where intangible assets are acquired through non-exchange transactions, the cost is deemed to be the item's fair value on the date of acquisition.

The municipality assesses the probability of expected future economic benefits or service potential using reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the set of economic conditions that will exist over the useful life of the asset.

Mogale City does not have intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

Intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life. The amortisation charge for each period is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Development expenditure relating to the production of new or substantially improved products or processes is capitalised if the costs can be measured reliably, the products or processes are technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and Mogale City intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. All remaining development expenditure is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance. Cost includes expenditure on materials, direct labour and an allocated proportion of project overheads.

The amortisation methods, assumption and estimated remaining useful life are reviewed annually. Any changes in the above are accounted for as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance, on a prospective basis.

Item	Useful Life
Computer Software	3 - 5 years

3.4 Heritage assets

A heritage asset is defined as an asset that has a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance, and is held and preserved indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations. Some heritage assets have more than one purpose, e.g. an historical building which, in addition to meeting the definition of a heritage asset, is also used as office accommodation. The municipality must use its judgement to make such an assessment. The asset should be accounted for as a heritage asset if, and only if, the definition of a heritage asset is met, and only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If a significant portion is used for production, administrative purposes or supply of services or goods, the asset shall be accounted for in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on PPE.

Heritage assets are stated at cost, less accumulated impairment losses. Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is deemed to be its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Information on heritage assets that could not be reliably measured on initial recognition is disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements.

Transfers to heritage assets are made only when the asset meets the definition of a heritage asset and transfers from heritage assets are made only when the asset no longer meets the definition of a heritage asset. Transfers to and from heritage assets are done at the carrying amount of the assets transferred at the date of transfer.

Mogale City does not depreciate heritage assets. At each reporting date, Mogale City assesses whether there is an indication that it may be impaired. If any such indication exists, Mogale City estimates the recoverable amount or the recoverable service amount of the heritage asset. Any impairment losses are recognised in surplus or deficit.

Improvements to heritage assets are considered as sub-assets and are capitalised if it meets the definition of a heritage asset.

Compensation from third parties for items of heritage assets that were impaired, lost or given up is included in surplus or deficit.

The carrying amount of a heritage asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a heritage asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the heritage asset. Such difference is recognised in surplus or deficit when the heritage asset is derecognised.

3.5 Inventories

Inventories that qualify for recognition are initially measured at cost. Where inventories are acquired through a non-

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

exchange transaction, their cost is measured at their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost where they are held for;
Distribution at no charge or for a nominal charge; or
Consumption in the production process of goods to be distributed at no charge or for a nominal charge.

The cost of inventories is assigned using the first in, first out (FIFO) formula. The same cost formula is used for all inventories having a similar nature and use to the municipality.

The cost of inventories of items that are not ordinarily interchangeable and goods or services produced and segregated for specific projects is assigned using specific identification of the individual costs.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amounts of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. If there is no related revenue, the expenses are recognised when the goods are distributed, or related services are rendered.

The amount of any write down of inventories to net realisable value or current replacement cost and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost, are recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

3.6 Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value, plus transaction cost. Receivables are subsequently recognised at amortised cost, using an effective interest rate less provision for impairment. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate.

Bad debts are written off in the year during which they are identified as irrecoverable, subject to the approval by the appropriate delegated authority. Amounts receivable within 12 months from the date of reporting are classified as current.

A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that Mogale City will not be able to collect all amounts due. Accordingly the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. The loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

A provision is decreased if the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised. The impairment is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The reversal does not result in a carrying amount that exceeds what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, cash with banks, and call deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term bank deposits with a maturity of three months or less from inception, readily convertible to cash without significant change in value.

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at carrying amount which is deemed to be fair value. Bank overdrafts are offset against cash and cash equivalents in the Cash Flow Statement.

Cash which is subject to restrictions on its use is stated separately at carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

3.8 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

3.9 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised when Mogale City becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are initially measured at fair value. In the case of a financial instrument not measured at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the instrument are added to, or deducted from, the fair value, as appropriate on initial recognition.

3.9.1 Financial assets

The classification of financial assets depends on their nature and purpose, and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Financial assets other than those at fair value are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment is considered when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

transferred and Mogale City has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership, or when the enterprise loses control of contractual rights that comprise the assets.

3.9.2 Financial assets at fair value

Financial assets that are held for trading or non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are designated at fair value at initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, all changes to fair value are recognised through the Statement of Financial Performance.

3.9.3 Financial assets at amortised cost

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates which Mogale City has positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

3.9.4 Financial assets at cost

Residual interests that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and the fair value of which cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost, less any impairment.

3.9.5 Financial liabilities

After initial recognition, Mogale City measures all financial liabilities, including payables, at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities include borrowings, other non-current liabilities (excluding provisions) and payables (excluding provisions). Interest bearing external loans and bank overdrafts are recorded net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable, are accounted for on an accrual basis. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or when it expires.

3.9.6 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amount, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.10 Impairment of cash generating assets

Cash generating assets are those assets held by Mogale City with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. When an asset is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit orientated entity, it generates a commercial return.

Mogale City is not a profit-oriented entity, as its primary objective is service delivery. Tariffs and charges are cost-reflective to ensure continued financial sustainability. As such, management has determined that Mogale City does not control assets that meet the definition of cash-generating assets. Accordingly, this standard was not implemented. The GRAP standard for the impairment of non-cash-generating assets will apply to all assets of the City.

3.11 Impairment of non-cash generating assets

Non-cash generating assets are assets other than cash generating assets. All Mogale City's assets have been classified as non-cash generating assets.

3.11.1 Measurement and recognition

At the end of each reporting period, carrying amounts of non-cash-generating assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication of impairment or reversal of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Where the recoverable service amount is less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. This reduction is an impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

When the amount estimated for an impairment loss is greater than the carrying amount of the non-cash generating asset to which it relates, Mogale City recognises a liability only to the extent that is a requirement in the Standards of GRAP.

3.11.2 Recoverable service amount

The recoverable service amount of a non-cash-generating asset is the higher of fair value less costs to sell, and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the remaining service potential of the asset, and is determined using the most appropriate of the depreciated replacement cost, restoration cost or service units approach.

3.11.3 Reversal of an impairment loss

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

3.11.4 Depreciation/Amortisation

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset shall be adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

3.11.5 Redesignation

The redesignation of assets from a cash generating asset to a non-cash generating asset or from a non-cash generating asset to a cash generating asset only occur when there is clear evidence that such a redesignation is appropriate.

3.12 Leases

At inception of an arrangement, Mogale City determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease.

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

When a lease includes land and buildings elements, Mogale City assesses the classification of each element separately. The land and the buildings elements of a lease are considered separately for the purpose of lease classification as finance or an operating lease.

3.12.1 Finance Lease – Mogale City as lessor

The municipality recognises finance lease receivables as assets on the Statement of Financial Position. Such assets are presented as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

Finance revenue is recognised based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the municipality's net investment in the finance lease. Lease payment relating to the period, excluding costs for services, are applied against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance revenue.

3.12.2 Operating leases – Mogale City as lessor

Mogale City presents assets subject to operating leases in the Statement of Financial Position according to the nature of the asset. These assets are depreciated in accordance with Mogale City's normal depreciation policy.

Lease revenue from operating leases is recognised as revenue on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished. Costs, including depreciation, incurred in earning the lease revenue are recognised as an expense. Initial direct costs incurred by Mogale City in negotiating and arranging an operating lease is added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease revenue.

3.12.3 Finance leases – Mogale City as lessee

Finance lease assets are capitalised as property, plant and equipment at the lower of fair value or the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease with an equivalent amount being stated as finance lease liability as part of debt.

The capitalised amount is depreciated over the shorter of the lease-term and asset's useful life unless it is reasonably certain that Mogale City will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, in which case it is depreciated over its useful life.

Lease payments are allocated between capital repayments and finance expenses using the effective interest rate method.

3.12.4 Operating leases – Mogale City as lessee

Operating leases are leases of assets under which all the risks and benefits of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments under an operating lease are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance over the lease term on a straight-line basis unless another basis is more representative of the pattern of use. Contingent rents are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

3.13 Employee benefits

3.13.1 Short term employee benefits

Remuneration of employees is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Short-term employee benefits are those that are expected to be settled completely within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the services have been rendered. Short term benefits include the paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care.

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance as the related service is provided.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

A liability is recognised for accumulated leave, incentive/performance bonuses and other employee benefits when Mogale City has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past service provided by the employee, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

3.13.2 Defined contribution pension plan and defined benefit pension plans

Mogale City contributes to defined contribution pension plans and defined benefit pension plans for its employees. These plans are generally funded through payments to trustee-administered funds as determined by annual actuarial calculations.

3.13.3 Retirement benefits

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which Mogale City pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution pension plans are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance as an employee expense in the period in which related services are rendered by the employee or as they fall due.

Contributions that are expected to be wholly settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which the employee renders the service, are discounted to their present value.

3.13.4 Defined benefit plans - Post-retirement health care benefits

Mogale City provides post-retirement benefits by subsidising the medical aid contributions of certain of its retirees and their spouses. The entitlement of these benefits is usually based on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age, the completion of a minimum service period of 10 years and the employee continuing to pay their own contributions to the scheme.

Past service costs is recognised in surplus or deficit in the reporting period in which the plan is amended irrespective of whether vesting periods exist.

The amount recognised in the Statement of Financial Position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The expected costs of these benefits are accrued on a systematic basis over the expected remaining period of employment, using the project credit method. Independent actuaries perform the calculation of this obligation annually. Actuarial gains or losses are recognised, in the Statement of Financial Performance, in the period that they occur.

3.13.5 Other long term employee benefits

Long-term benefits are those that are provided to employees more than 12 months after the reporting date. Currently Mogale City provides the following additional payments to employees based on certain criteria:

Gratuity payment benefits

The municipality provides additional gratuity payments for employees who were not allowed to contribute retirement benefit plans under the apartheid government. This benefit is based on half the basic salary (at retirement) of the employee multiplied by the number of years that the employee was not allowed to contribute retirement benefit plans.

Long service awards

The municipality offers various types of long service awards to its employees, payable on completion of minimum number of years of employment.

Mogale City's liability is based on an actuarial valuation. Actuarial gains and losses on the long-term incentives are fully accounted for in the Statement of Financial Performance. The projected unit credit method was used to value the obligation. The present value of the obligation is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position.

3.14 Provisions

A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount.

Mogale City recognises a provision when it has a present legal or constructive obligation arising from a past event that will probably be settled, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Long-term provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to their present value. The increase in discounted long-term provisions as a result of the passage of time is recognised as a finance expense in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Provisions are used only for expenditures for which the provision was originally recognised.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Those which can be settled within twelve months are treated as current liabilities. All other provisions are treated as non-current liabilities.

3.15 Landfill rehabilitation provision

Estimated long-term environmental provisions, comprising rehabilitation and landfill site closure, are based on Mogale City's

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

policy, taking into account current technological, environmental and regulatory requirements.

The value of the provisions is based on the expected future cost to rehabilitate the various sites discounted back to the reporting date at the cost to capital. Costs include the initial estimate of the cost to rehabilitate the land, restoring the land, restoring the site, current technological, environmental and regulatory requirements.

The provision for rehabilitation is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. In so far as the obligations relate to assets, they are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. These provisions are reviewed at least annually.

Subsequent changes in the obligation are to, or deducted from, the cost of the related asset in the current period. The amount deducted from the cost of the asset does not exceed its carrying amount. Where the decrease in the obligation exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognised immediately in Statement of Financial Performance.

Where the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, Mogale City evaluates whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable. If it is such an indication, Mogale City tests the asset for impairment by estimating its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount and account for any impairment loss in accordance with the relevant impairment policy

Any unwinding of discount is charged to the statement of financial performance. The discount rate has not been risk-adjusted.

3.16 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is:

A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality; or

A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:

It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; or

The amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Mogale City does not recognise contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. Annually Mogale City evaluates the possibility of the outflow of resources or service potential.

3.17 Contingent assets

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of Mogale City.

Mogale City does not recognise contingent assets. Contingent assets are disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements, where an inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Mogale City continually assesses its contingent assets to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. Where it does become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which the change occurs.

3.18 Value-Added Tax

Mogale City accounts for value-added tax (VAT) on the payment basis.

3.19 Revenue

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits or service potential when those inflows result in an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits or services potential will flow to Mogale City, and when these benefits can be reliably measured.

Revenue is recognised net of indirect taxes, rebates and trade discounts, and consists primarily of rates, service charges, rentals, interest received, grants from national and provincial government and other services rendered.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the Mogale City and the purchaser or user of the asset or service.

Where the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

determinable of either:

The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating; or

A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

Mogale City derives revenue from exchange and non-exchange transactions.

3.19.1 Revenue from exchange transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the municipality directly in return for services rendered/goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Rendering of services

Mogale City recognises revenue from the rendering of services by reference to the stage of completion method when the outcome of the transaction can be measured reliably. The outcome of the transaction can be reliably measured, that is, when all the following conditions are satisfied:

The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to Mogale City.

The stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably.

The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

When the outcome of the transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods shall be recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

The entity has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.

The entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.

The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Tariffs (Services):

Revenue arising from the provisioning of the services which is based on the approved tariff charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered, by applying the relevant authorised tariff.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a periodic basis and revenue is recognised when billed. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed and are based on the consumption history or deemed consumption for households. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when billed. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the billing period when meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the billing period. An accrual on the basis of a determined consumption factor is made for consumption not measured as at the end of each reporting period. Residential sanitations service charges is based on taking 30kl of water consumption and multiply by applicable tariff for financial year or period. Business sanitation service charges is based on taking the twelve months water consumption multiply by the applicable .Basic Sewerages is based on taking the area size of the property multiply by the applicable tariff.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis based on 240l bins collected on a weekly basis.

Prepaid water and electricity:

Revenue from the sale of prepayment water and electricity is recognised at the point of sale.

Income from agency fees

Income for agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of the agency agreement.

Interest revenue

Interest earned on: Investments are recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the investments. Outstanding debtors are recognised on a time proportionate basis.

Rental of facilities and equipment

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant gazetted tariff and includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the municipality's right to receive payment is established.

3.19.2 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Mogale City received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Property rates

Revenue from property rates is calculated from the date when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises and is recognised when billed. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable and billed. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportion basis. A rating system charging one tariff is employed. Rebates and remissions are granted to certain categories of ratepayers and are recognised net of revenue.

Conditional grants and receipts

Revenue received from conditional grants, donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement.

Fines

Fines constitute both spot fines and summonses. Revenue from spot fines and summonses is recognised when the fine is issued.

Traffic fines are measured at fair value, which is based on the value of the fines issued, excluding the value of any early settlement discounts that are likely to be taken up by motorists. Interest is not levied on overdue amounts

Subsequently, Mogale City evaluates the recoverability of these fines to determine the recoverable amount. This takes into account settlement discounts, reductions in the amount payable are offered, past history in terms of the successful prosecution and recovery of the fines.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a cash receipt basis or, where the donation is in the form of property, plant and equipment, when the risks or rewards of ownership have transferred to the Municipality. Donations are measured at fair value.

Services in-kind

Mogale City does not recognise services in-kind as assets or revenue.

3.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

Borrowing costs are capitalised over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed. Borrowing costs are capitalised net of any investment income received from the temporary investment of those borrowings

Mogale City capitalises borrowing costs commences when:

Borrowing costs have been incurred;

expenditure have been incurred; and

It undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale.

Where Mogale City applies general borrowed funds to obtain a qualifying asset, Mogale City applies a capitalisation rate that reflects the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings that are outstanding during the period. This excludes borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing costs capitalised does not exceed the amount of borrowing costs it incurred during that period.

Mogale City suspends capitalisations of borrowing costs during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset.

Where the construction of a qualifying asset is completed in parts and each part is capable of being used while construction continues on other parts, Mogale City ceases capitalising borrowing costs when it completes substantially all the activities necessary to prepare that part for its intended use or sale.

Capitalisation ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

3.21 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure:

which has not been budgeted for;

that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state, or

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the MFMA (Act No. 56 of 2003).

All expenditure relating to unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense.

Should council condone/approve this expenditure, no further action is required.

Where it is determined that this expenditure must be recovered, it is accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance. A corresponding asset (receivable) is raised in the Statement of Financial Position which is accounted for in terms of Mogale City's accounting policy on receivables.

Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for in the financial statements and, where recovered, is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the same statement.

3.22 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003); the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000); the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998); or is in contravention of the Mogale City's Supply Chain Management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure.

All expenditure relating to irregular expenditure is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense.

Should council condone/approve this expenditure, no further action is required.

Where it is determined that this expenditure must be recovered, it is accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance. A corresponding asset (receivable) is raised in the Statement of Financial Position which is accounted for in terms of Mogale City's accounting policy on receivables.

3.23 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense. Should council condone/approve this expenditure, no further action is required.

Where it is determined that this expenditure must be recovered, it is accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance. A corresponding asset (receivable) is raised in the Statement of Financial Position which is accounted for in terms of Mogale City's accounting policy on receivables.

3.24 Related parties

Mogale City regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to control the other party individually or jointly, or the ability to exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa. While Mogale City is part of Government of South Africa, it is a separate sphere of government. As such the other spheres of government are not considered related parties to Mogale City.

Management is regarded as a related party. Management of Mogale City comprises of all political office bearers of Mogale City and the Executive Management team. Political office bearers comprises of the Executive Mayor, Members of Mayoral Committee, Speaker and other councillors. The executive management team consists of the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Audit Executive and other Executive Managers.

3.25 Grants-in-aid

Mogale City transfers money to individuals, organisations and other sectors of government from time to time. When making these transfers, Mogale City does not:

Receive any goods or services directly in return as would be expected in a purchase or sale transaction;

Expect to be repaid in future; or

Expect a financial return, as would be expected from an investment.

These transfers are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as expenses in the period during which the events giving rise to the transfer occurred.

3.26 Commitments

Items are classified as commitments where the municipality commits itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of resources. Commitments are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability, but are included in the disclosure notes in the following cases:

Approved and contracted commitments;

Where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has been awarded at the reporting date; and

Where disclosure is required by a specific standard of GRAP.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Accounting Policies

3.27 Events after the reporting date

An event, which could be favourable or unfavourable, that occurs between the reporting date and the date the financial statements are authorised for issue. Mogale City classifies these events as adjusting or non-adjusting events.

An adjusting event provides further evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date and includes an event that indicates that the going concern assumption in relation to the whole or part of Mogale City is not appropriate. These events were accounted for in the financial statements.

A non-adjusting event is an event that is indicative of a condition that arose after the reporting date. Events after the reporting date that are classified as non-adjusting events have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements

3.28 Repairs and Maintenance

Repairs and maintenance are generally charged to expenses during the financial period in which they are occurred. however, major renovations are capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the company. Major renovations are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
2. Inventories		
Consumable stores	13 394 031	11 748 838
Water	355 113	389 246
Other (Sub Stores)	1 410 254	1 919 577
	15 159 398	14 057 661

None of the inventories were pledged as security for liabilities. Stock shortages and surpluses arose after year- end stock count.

3. Receivables from non- exchange transactions

Developers contributions	7 202 494	6 020 679
Levies	12 676 730	12 746 955
Staff loans	3 812 153	3 983 927
Debtors staff leave	169 219	92 617
Other receivable and traffic fines	313 277 587	197 485 880
Impairment of other receivables and traffic fines	(229 441 532)	(165 186 734)
Consumer debtors - Rates	143 251 686	89 156 487
	250 948 337	144 299 811

Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Property Rates	2015	2014
Gross Balances	271 673 209	217 408 991
Credit balances transferred to creditors	58 328 873	49 991 014
Less Impairment	(228 570 348)	(178 243 518)
Total	101 431 733	89 156 487

The Ageing amounts

Current (0-30 days)	266 867 665	73 363 16
31-60 days	1 828 732	3 564 124
61-90 ays	1 089 796	3 433 432
91-120ays	(14 396)	3 605 692
+120	1 901 209	133 442 582
TOTAL	271 673 006	217 408 991

Receivables from non-exchange transactions pledged as security

None of other receivables from non-exchange transactions were pledged as security for overdraft facilities.

Credit Balance transfered to creditors	2015	2014
Current (0-30 days)	-	12 058 111
31-60 days	-	3 438 628
61-90 days	-	2 034 044
91-120 days	-	2 067 314
	-	38 726 748
	58 324 845	49 991 014

Credit quality of receivables from non-exchange transactions

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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3. Receivables from non- exchange transactions (continued)

The credit quality of other receivables from non-exchange transactions that are neither past due nor impaired, can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates.

Receivables from non- exchange transactions past due but not impaired

Receivables from non- exchange transactions which are less than 3 months past due are not considered to be impaired. At 30 June 2015, R7 841 115 (2014: R 7 982 191) were past due but not impaired.

The ageing of amounts past due but not impaired is as follows:

1 month past due	3 843 157	3 896 938
2 months past due	2 637 893	2 712 421
3 months past due	1 360 065	1 372 832
Total	7 841 115	7 982 191

Receivables from non-exchange transactions impaired

The amount of the provision was R 229,441,532 as of 30 June 2015 (2014: R 165 186 734).

Reconciliation of provision for impairment of receivables from non-exchange transactions

Opening balance	165 186 734	81 845 237
Provision for impairment	64 254 798	83 341 497
	229 441 532	165 186 734

The significant increase was due to the Impairment on traffic fines amounted to R56,705,197 (2014: R119, 676, 450) as per IGRAP1 Applying the probability test on initial recognition of revenue..

4. Receivables from exchange transactions

Gross balances

Electricity	118 855 826	122 396 078
Water	127 271 270	128 904 614
Sewerage	109 226 034	114 426 852
Refuse	132 191 916	157 439 274
Other	184 324 119	194 411 794
	671 869 165	717 578 612

Less: Allowance for impairment

Electricity	(28 119 890)	(28 687 695)
Water	(96 423 423)	(97 346 623)
Sewerage	(92 574 884)	(86 810 706)
Refuse	(130 493 693)	(143 076 878)
Other	(111 087 311)	(89 978 334)
	(458 699 201)	(445 900 236)

Net balance

Electricity	90 735 936	93 708 383
Water	30 847 847	31 557 992
Sewerage	16 651 150	27 616 147
Refuse	1 698 223	14 362 397
Other	73 236 808	104 433 460
	213 169 964	271 678 379

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
4. Receivables from exchange transactions (continued)		
Electricity		
Current (0 -30 days)	103 833 537	93 589 627
31 - 60 days	1 431 374	2 447 891
61 - 90 days	709 937	1 071 243
91 - 120 days	907 412	1 240 433
120+	11 973 566	24 046 884
	118 855 826	122 396 078
Water		
Current (0 -30 days)	61 045 524	28 667 818
31 - 60 days	2 241 777	4 072 376
61 - 90 days	1 505 422	2 409 925
91 - 120 days	1 735 918	2 835 413
120+	60 742 629	90 919 083
	127 271 270	128 904 615
Sewerage		
Current (0 -30 days)	58 725 729	23 843 817
31 - 60 days	1 665 258	3 863 711
61 - 90 days	1 376 321	2 438 931
91 - 120 days	1 275 549	2 682 541
120+	46 183 176	81 597 852
	109 226 033	114 426 852
Refuse		
Current (0 -30 days)	42 418 957	20 359 109
31 - 60 days	1 279 600	3 915 478
61 - 90 days	1 136 173	2 951 673
91 - 120 days	991 787	2 551 395
120+	86 365 399	127 661 619
	132 191 916	157 439 274
Other		
Current (0 -30 days)	92 988 418	42 913 608
31 - 60 days	2 090 121	6 027 101
61 - 90 days	1 625 453	6 073 808
91 - 120 days	2 562 343	4 645 993
120+	85 057 785	134 751 596
	184 324 120	194 412 106

Credit quality from receivables exchange transactions

The credit quality of consumer debtors that are neither past, due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates.

Receivables exchange transaction past due but not impaired

Consumer debtors which are less than 3 months past due are not considered to be impaired. At 30 June 2015, R281,766,134 (2014: R 270,455,877) were past due but not impaired.

The ageing of amounts past due but not impaired is as follows:

1 month past due	266 728 557	251 054 911
2 months past due	8 941 580	3 391 690
3 months past due	6 095 997	16 009 276

Receivable from exchange transaction impaired

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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4. Receivables from exchange transactions (continued)

As of 30 June 2015, total consumer debtors were R 1 001 927 880 (2014: R 984 978 617).

The amount of the provision was R 645,270,167 as of 30 June 2015 (2014: R 624,143,753).

The ageing of these receivable are as follows:

90 days and beyond	645 270 167	624 143 753
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Reconciliation of allowance for impairment of receivable from exchange transaction

Opening balance	624 143 752	571 668 063
Provision for impairment	143 996 535	136 977 256
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(122 870 120)	(84 501 567)
	645 270 167	624 143 752

During the month of June 2015 our municipality appointed 11 new debt collectors. Debt that is 120+ days old was handed over for collection. As a result of the handover journals being posted in June 2015, the aging of the handed over debt has been disclosed as current debt.

5. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Cash on hand	32 419	26 014
Bank balances	31 176 795	27 205 911
Call accounts money market accounts	134 644 211	69 472 679
	165 853 425	96 704 604

Current assets	165 853 425	96 704 604
Current liabilities	-	-
	165 853 425	96 704 604

Credit quality of cash at bank and short term deposits, excluding cash on hand

The credit quality of cash at bank and short term deposits, excluding cash on hand that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or historical information about counterparty default rates.

Cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral

Total financial assets pledged as collateral [This collateral are held by South African Post Office]	500 000	500 000
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2015

Guarantee no. Standard Bank call account no:728430118 has been binded as guarantor to South African Post Office for payments of all amounts due and payable, or which may become due and payable by the municipality in respect of bulk postings provided that the total amount to be recovered under this payment Guarantee shall not exceed in aggregate the sum of R 500,000

500 000	500 000
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Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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5. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

2014

Guarantee no. Standard Bank call account no:728430118 has been binded as guarantor to South African Post Office for payments of all amounts due and payable, or which may become due and payable by the municipality in respect of bulk postings provided that the total amount to be recovered under this payment Guarantee shall not exceed in agregate the sum of R 500,000

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

5. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

The municipality had the following bank accounts

Account number / description	Bank statement balances		Cash book balances		
	30 June 2015	30 June 2014	30 June 2015	30 June 2014	
Standard Bank- 021307482	5 867 458	653 942	-	5 868 135	654 139
Standard Bank-021307474	6 756 966	3 801 902	-	6 756 966	3 801 902
Cheque Accounts					
Standard Bank- 021307385	34 433	35 003	-	34 433	35 003
Cheque Accounts					
Standard Bank- 021307172	268 006	415 914	-	268 511	412 880
Cheque Accounts					
Standard Bank- 021307105	6 590 471	9 736 528	-	6 590 707	9 736 630
Cheque Accounts					
Standard Bank-021306958	1 344 981	2 297 149	-	748 471	2 051 968
Cheque Accounts					
Standard Bank-021306532	10 910 201	10 513 069	-	10 909 572	10 513 389
Cheque Accounts					
Call Account	134 644 211	69 472 679	-	134 644 211	69 472 679
Petty Cash	32 419	26 014	-	32 419	26 014
Total	166 449 146	96 952 200	-	165 853 425	96 704 604

2015

Differences on bank statement balances and cash book balances

The differences between bank statement balances and the cash book balances amounting to R595,721 relates to transactions that are received after the cut off time for the day and are captured the next calendar day, under the retrospective date.

In this case, these have mainly been attributed to bank charges and deposits going through the Cash Centre after cut-off hours (via Cash In Transit companies) and as such still captured after the cut off time of 20:00hrs pm, and therefore would not reflect on the same day's statement immediately.

2014

Differences on bank statement balances and cash book balances

The differences between bank statement balances and the cash book balances amounting to R247,551 relates to transactions that are received after the cut off time for the day and are captured the next calendar day, under the retrospective date.

They are usually termed 'heldovers' and should ideally be captured under retrospective date to ensure proper accounting.

In this case, these have mainly been attributed to bank charges and deposits going through the Cash Centre after cut-off hours (via Cash In Transit companies) and as such still captured after the cut off time of 20:00hrs pm, and therefore would not reflect on the same day's statement immediately.

6. Operating lease asset

Non-current assets	-	-
Current assets	191 997	296 263
	191 997	296 263

See note 47 for more details

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

7. Investment property

	2015			2014		
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
Investment property	528 388 483	-	528 388 483	507 367 638	-	507 367 638

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

7. Investment property (continued)

Reconciliation of investment property - 2015

	Opening balance	Additions	Derecognition	Donations	Fair value adjustments	Total
Investment property	507 367 638	7 215 593	(6 227 542)	1 050 000	18 982 794	528 388 483

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

7. Investment property (continued)

Reconciliation of investment property - 2014

	Opening balance	Derecognition	Transfers	Fair value adjustments	Total
Investment property	485 135 786	(1 432 232)	19 701	23 644 383	507 367 638

Fair value adjustment of investment properties

2015

The fair value adjustment was performed by I@consulting by the qualified Certified Professional Engineer, certified professional assets Assessor, professional construction project manager, project management professional Rob Childs. The latest valuation roll was obtained from the municipality and the values for individual properties extracted. The fair value adjustment is based on the trend sales price were based on data sourced from the Lightstone website that records all sales transactions per suburb on monthly basis. The trend indicates an increase of 3.87% on the previous values.

2014

The latest valuation roll was obtained from the municipality and the values for individual properties extracted. The fair value adjustment is based on the trend sales price were based on data sourced from the Lightstone website that records all sales transactions per suburb on monthly basis (425 in the last year). The trend indicates an increase of 4.89% on the latest valuation rolls values.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

8. Property, plant and equipment

	2015			2014		
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
Land	33 373 712	-	33 373 712	33 373 712	-	33 373 712
Buildings	536 475 264	(320 015 663)	216 459 601	536 475 264	(307 998 120)	228 477 144
Plant and machinery	24 219 029	(16 347 697)	7 871 332	23 058 915	(14 043 811)	9 015 104
Furniture and fixtures	11 413 254	(7 330 126)	4 083 128	10 441 299	(6 278 877)	4 162 422
Motor vehicles	17 372 480	(15 575 237)	1 797 243	17 401 545	(15 043 551)	2 357 994
Office equipment	5 641 152	(4 794 163)	846 989	5 404 438	(4 552 017)	852 421
IT equipment	11 070 568	(6 326 767)	4 743 801	7 136 368	(5 080 660)	2 055 708
Capital WIP Building Property	16 309 897	-	16 309 897	6 289 095	-	6 289 095
Capital WIP Community	76 374 096	-	76 374 096	39 121 109	-	39 121 109
Roads & Stormwater	3 401 394 036	(1 246 985 620)	2 154 408 416	3 348 612 297	(1 175 708 863)	2 172 903 434
Community assets	1 000 425 303	(388 383 909)	612 041 394	979 926 396	(364 527 108)	615 399 288
Capital WIP Roads & Stormwater	23 975 745	-	23 975 745	20 897 776	-	20 897 776
Capital WIP Sanitation Network	58 174 145	-	58 174 145	31 098 071	-	31 098 071
Capital WIP Water Network	88 017 036	-	88 017 036	34 532 599	-	34 532 599
Capital WIP Electricity Network	38 027 181	-	38 027 181	110 576 663	-	110 576 663
Bins and containers	7 801 202	(6 846 034)	955 168	7 364 996	(6 647 338)	717 658
Capital WIP Movable Assets	7 028 510	-	7 028 510	1 245 658	-	1 245 658
Electricity Network	2 773 895 509	(1 685 229 274)	1 088 666 235	2 591 089 331	(1 638 068 425)	953 020 906
Emergency equipment	87 793	(51 029)	36 764	62 798	(37 720)	25 078
Other leased Assets	60 971 010	(49 523 210)	11 447 800	36 017 102	(32 817 581)	3 199 521
Animals PPE	5 470 725	(3 184 726)	2 285 999	4 091 630	(2 775 325)	1 316 305
Inventory items	1 797 502	(1 777 871)	19 631	1 741 493	(1 684 463)	57 030
Library books	18 943 582	(11 455 805)	7 487 777	17 618 062	(9 488 407)	8 129 655
Wastewater network	1 190 693 780	(712 064 189)	478 629 591	1 180 867 290	(688 205 646)	492 661 644
Water network	1 028 021 976	(569 656 460)	458 365 516	992 962 839	(543 839 368)	449 123 471
Air conditioners	722 163	(714 989)	7 174	722 163	(706 757)	15 406
Total	10 437 696 650	(5 046 262 769)	5 391 433 881	10 038 128 909	(4 817 504 037)	5 220 624 872

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2015

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Opening balance	Capital Expenditure	Donations	Transferred(VD IP)	Derecognition	Depreciation	Impairment loss	Total
Land	33 373 712	-	-	-	-	-	-	33 373 712
Buildings	228 477 145	-	-	-	-	(12 017 544)	-	216 459 601
Plant and machinery	9 015 104	-	-	1 160 114	-	(2 303 886)	-	7 871 332
Furniture and fixtures	4 162 421	-	-	973 752	(1 797)	(1 051 249)	-	4 083 127
Motor vehicles	2 357 994	-	-	-	(29 065)	(531 687)	-	1 797 242
Office equipment	852 421	-	-	241 068	(4 354)	(242 146)	-	846 989
IT equipment	2 055 707	-	354 370	3 620 105	(40 274)	(1 246 107)	-	4 743 801
Roads & Stormwater	2 172 903 433	-	-	54 236 077	(1 454 337)	(71 276 756)	-	2 154 408 416
Community assets	615 399 287	589 125	-	19 953 351	(43 568)	(23 772 761)	(84 040)	612 041 394
Capital WIP Building Property	6 289 095	10 020 802	-	-	-	-	-	16 309 897
Capital WIP Community	39 121 109	59 422 181	-	(22 169 194)	-	-	-	76 374 096
Capital WIP Roads & Stormwater	20 897 776	55 098 203	-	(52 020 234)	-	-	-	23 975 745
Capital WIP Sanitation Network	31 098 071	36 902 564	-	(9 826 490)	-	-	-	58 174 145
Bins and containers	717 658	-	-	436 206	-	(198 696)	-	955 168
Capital WIP Water Network	34 532 599	88 543 574	-	(35 059 137)	-	-	-	88 017 036
Electricity Network	953 020 905	-	37 790 123	147 071 392	(2 139 379)	(47 076 807)	-	1 088 666 234
Emergency Equipment	25 077	-	-	24 995	-	(13 309)	-	36 763
Capital WIP Electricity Network	110 576 664	75 453 955	-	(148 003 435)	-	-	-	38 027 184
Other leased Assets	3 199 520	24 953 908	-	-	-	(16 705 628)	-	11 447 800
Capital WIP Movable assets	1 245 659	13 559 483	-	(7 776 632)	-	-	-	7 028 510
Animals PPE	1 316 305	-	1 383 381	-	(4 286)	(409 400)	-	2 286 000
Inventory items	57 029	-	-	56 010	(93 408)	-	-	19 631
Library books	8 129 655	-	61 137	1 264 383	-	(1 967 398)	-	7 487 777
Wastewater network	492 661 644	-	-	9 826 490	-	(23 858 542)	-	478 629 592
Water network	449 123 471	-	-	35 059 136	-	(25 817 091)	-	458 365 516
Air conditioners	15 405	-	-	-	-	(8 232)	-	7 173
	5 220 624 866	364 543 795	39 589 011	(932 043)	(3 810 468)	(228 497 239)	(84 040)	5 391 433 881

Change in useful life

The useful lives of selected assets were reassessed during the financial year which resulted in a decrease in the depreciation charge amounting to R36 306 705.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2014

	Opening balance	Capital Expenditure	impairment reversal	Donations	Transferred(Vderecognition IP)	depreciation	impairment loss	TOTAL	
Land	33 373 712	-	-	-	-	-	-	33 373 712	
Buildings	228 442 492	-	-	-	10 779 582	(159 302)	(10 585 627)	228 477 144	
Plant and machinery	8 723 348	-	-	-	1 595 776	(330 076)	(973 943)	9 015 104	
Furniture and fixtures	4 801 956	101 250	-	-	414 044	(170 858)	(983 970)	4 162 422	
Motor vehicles	2 016 052	-	-	-	624 448	(9 999)	(272 507)	2 357 994	
Office equipment	777 709	-	-	-	295 820	(46 730)	(174 379)	852 421	
IT equipment	1 907 444	-	-	65 300	628 965	(121 185)	(424 816)	2 055 708	
Roads & Stormwater Network	2 202 769 755	-	-	3 478 334	46 083 362	(552 041)	(78 851 503)	2 172 903 433	
Community assets	526 691 117	-	30 684	5 927 128	111 787 580	(3 567 749)	(25 467 953)	615 399 287	
Capital WIP Building Property	11 880 809	1 161 693	-	-	(6 753 407)	-	-	6 289 095	
Capital WIP Community	94 775 111	56 136 809	-	-	(111 790 811)	-	-	39 121 109	
Capital WIP Roads & Stormwater	47 746 993	18 965 254	-	-	(45 814 470)	-	-	20 897 776	
Capital WIP Sanitation Network	152 417 376	22 903 984	-	-	(144 223 289)	-	-	31 098 071	
Bins and containers	131 334	-	-	-	721 936	-	(135 612)	717 658	
Capital WIP Water Network	36 280 293	33 140 952	-	-	(34 888 646)	-	-	34 532 599	
Electricity Network	1 007 814 215	-	40 341	17 378 226	20 473 705	-	(92 685 581)	953 020 906	
Emergency Equipment	38 652	-	-	-	-	(1 474)	(12 100)	25 078	
Capital WIP Electricity Network	84 464 927	46 488 668	-	-	(20 376 941)	-	-	110 576 664	
Other leased Assets	9 617 991	-	-	-	4 179 848	6 782	(10 605 101)	3 199 521	
Capital WIP Movable Assets	4 015 110	2 056 714	-	-	(4 826 165)	-	-	1 245 658	
Animals PPE	1 904 633	-	-	481 046	-	(356 689)	(712 685)	1 316 306	
Inventory items	538 185	-	-	-	28 278	(7)	(509 427)	57 030	
Library books	10 269 991	-	-	-	516 898	(663 001)	(1 994 232)	8 129 655	
Wastewater network	360 612 515	-	-	-	153 833 195	(1 837 162)	(19 585 725)	492 661 644	
Water network	426 564 883	-	-	-	47 666 628	(321 565)	(24 786 475)	449 123 471	
Air conditioners	22 607	-	-	-	-	(1)	(7 200)	15 406	
	5 258 599 210	180 955 324	71 025	27 330 034	30 956 336	(8 131 057)	(268 768 836)	(387 176)	5 220 624 872

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Assets with carrying value 2015

A register as required by section 63 of the MFMA is available for inspection at the registered office of the municipality.

The municipality has assets with a carrying value of R1 and is intending to replace them in due course. Below is the grouped category of those assets.

Assets with carrying value of R1

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying Value
Bins & Containers	6 500 119	(6 500 118)	1
Furniture & fittings	2 156 727	(2 156 726)	1
Inventory items	1 673 183	(1 673 182)	1
Office Equipment	3 141 648	(3 141 647)	1
Motor Vehicles	409 144	(409 143)	1
Plant & Equipment	5 523 589	(5 523 588)	1
Intangible Assets	291 108	(291 107)	1
	19 695 518	(19 695 511)	7

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

9. Intangible assets

	2015			2014		
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated amortisation	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated amortisation	Carrying value
Computer software	20 864 501	-	20 864 501	15 600 159	(10 739 695)	4 860 464

Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2015

	Opening balance	WIP-Capital Expenditure	Wip Transferred/A dditions	Depreciation	Total
Computer software	2 352 425	-	2 596 560	(968 041)	3 980 944
Capital WIP Intangible Assets	2 508 041	16 972 076	(2 596 560)	-	16 883 557
	4 860 466	16 972 076	-	(968 041)	20 864 501

Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2014

	Opening balance	WIP-Capital Expenditure	Derecognition	Wip- Transferred/A dditions	Depreciation	Total
Computer software	853 197	-	(66 103)	1 965 057	(399 726)	2 352 425
Capital WIP Intangible assets	1 959 798	2 513 299	-	(1 965 057)	-	2 508 040
	2 812 995	2 513 299	(66 103)	-	(399 726)	4 860 465

Intangible assets (continued)

The capital expenditure relates to the acquisition of computer softwares that were purchased not yet ready for use including the development of the IFMS financial system that is earmarked to go live on the 1 July 2015

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

10. Heritage assets

	2015			2014		
	Fair Value	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying value	Fair Value	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying value
Library books, chief mogale statue & concentration graves	1 555 766	-	1 555 766	1 552 150	-	1 552 150

Reconciliation of heritage assets 2015

	Opening balance	Transfer/donation	WIP-CAPEX/Additions	Total
Library books, Chief Mogale statue & concentration camp graves	1 552 150	1 915	1 700	1 555 765

Reconciliation of heritage assets 2014

	Opening balance	Total
Library books, Chief Mogale statue & concentration camp graves	1 552 150	1 552 150

Heritage assets

Chief Mogale Statue & Concentration Camp Graves

We have conducted a fair valuation of the Heritage Assets of Mogale City Local Municipality for the financial year ending 30 June 2015, in line with the requirements of GRAP 103 and in accordance with the AM (Asset Management) Policy adopted by the municipality. For the purpose of recognition Heritage Assets a replacement cost method was adopted, by determining the cost of reconstructing the asset.

2015

Additions of R3615 was due to purchase of books made during the year

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
11. Financial assets/Instruments		
Investment at fair value		
Listed shares(9670 interest in ordinary shares)	647 478	602 680
These listed shares held by Sanlam Pty Ltd and were valued at a market value of R66.34 (2014:61.75) per share.		
At amortised cost		
Investments	60 960 081	53 332 085
These investments are held by RMB (Rand Mecharnt Bank) which are sinking funds for the long term loans maturing in December 2017.		
Non-current assets		
At fair value(quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities	647 478	602 680
At amortised cost	60 960 081	53 332 085
	61 607 559	53 934 765
Non-current assets	61 607 559	53 934 765
Current assets	-	-

12. Financial assets by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

2015

	Financial instruments at fair value	Financial instruments at amortised	Total
Financial assets (Instruments) (refer to note 11)	647 478	60 960 081	61 607 559
Receivables from non- exchange transcatons (refer to note 3)	-	250 948 337	250 948 337
Receivable from exchange transactions (refer to note 4)	-	213 169 964	213 169 964
Call accounts money market accounts (refer to note 5)	-	134 644 211	134 644 211
Cash and cash equivalentents(refer to note 5)	-	31 209 214	31 209 214
	647 478	690 931 807	691 579 285

2014

	Financial Instruments at fair value	Financial instruments at amortised	Total
Financial assets (Instruments) (refer to note 11)	602 680	53 332 085	53 934 765
Receivables from non- exchange transcatons(refer to note 3)	-	144 299 811	144 299 811
Receivable from exchange transaction (refer note to 4)	-	271 678 379	271 678 379
Call accounts money market account (refer to note 5)	-	69 472 679	69 472 679
Cash and cash equivalentents (refer to note 5)	-	27 231 925	27 231 925
	602 680	566 014 879	566 617 559

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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13. Employee benefit obligations

The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are as follows:

Carrying value		
Medical aid fund	(177 333 692)	(149 173 423)
Long service awards	(49 818 016)	(46 801 479)
Ex-gratia benefits	(1 049 371)	(1 260 617)
	(228 201 079)	(197 235 519)
Non-current liabilities	(209 371 352)	(177 607 089)
Current liabilities	(18 829 727)	(19 628 430)
	(228 201 079)	(197 235 519)

The employee benefit obligations were prepared by ARCH Actuarial Consulting. Chanan Weiss has BSc from fellow of the Actuarial Society of South Africa.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows: Medical aid subsidy

Opening balance	149 173 423	125 048 159
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance	28 160 269	24 125 264
	177 333 692	149 173 423

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows: Long service award

Opening balance	46 801 479	50 301 745
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance	3 016 537	(3 500 266)
	49 818 016	46 801 479

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows: Ex-gratia benefits

Opening balance	1 260 617	1 106 067
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance	(211 246)	154 550
	1 049 371	1 260 617

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
13. Employee benefit obligations (continued)		
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance:Medical aid subsidy		
Current service cost	7 386 671	5 746 461
Benefits paid	(4 922 808)	(4 538 020)
Interest cost	13 334 931	10 807 579
Actuarial (gains) losses	12 361 475	12 109 244
	28 160 269	24 125 264
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance:Long service award		
Current service cost	3 546 870	4 070 459
Contribution paid (Benefits paid)	(3 694 819)	(5 272 423)
Interest cost	3 566 085	3 432 408
Actuarial (gains) losses	(401 599)	(5 730 710)
	3 016 537	(3 500 266)
Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance:Ex-gratia benefits		
Contribution paid (Benefits paid)	(366 959)	(9 534)
Interest cost	100 449	82 560
Actuarial (gains) losses	55 264	81 524
	(211 246)	154 550

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

13. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

Key assumptions used: Medical aid subsidy

Assumptions used at the reporting date:

Discount rates used	8,97 %	9,06 %
Health care cost inflation rate	8,07 %	8,25 %
Net effective discount rate	0,84 %	0,75 %

The basis used to determine the discount rate

A discount rate of 8.97% per annum has been used. The corresponding index-linked yield at this term is 1.79%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for taxation. These rates were deduced from the JSE Zero Coupon bond yield after the market close on 30 June 2015.

The rate is calculated by using a weighted average of yields for the three components of the liability. Each component's fixed-interest and index-linked yield was taken from the JSE (Best Decency) Zero Coupon bond yield curve at that component's liability-weighted average duration, using an iterative process (because the yield depends on the liability, which in turn depends on the yield)

Health Care Cost Inflation Rate

This assumption is required to reflect estimated future changes in the cost of medical services, resulting from both inflation and specific changes in medical costs (for example, due to technological advances or changes in utilisation patterns). Any assumption regarding future medical scheme contribution increases is therefore subjective.

A health care cost inflation rate of 8.07% has been assumed. This is 1.50% in excess of expected CPI inflation over the expected term of the liability, namely 6.57%. A larger differential would be unsustainable, eventually forcing members to less expensive options. This implies a net discount rate of 0.84% which derives from $((1+8.97\%)/(1+8.07\%))-1$.

The expected inflation assumption of 6.57% was obtained from the differential between market yields on index-linked bonds consistent with the estimated term of the liabilities (1.79%) and those of fixed interest bonds (8.97%) with a risk premium adjustment for the uncertainty implicit in guaranteeing real increases (0.50%). This was therefore determined as follows: $((1+8.97\%-0.50\%)/(1+1.79\%))-1$.

The next contribution increase was assumed to occur with effect from 1 January 2016.

Sensitivity Results

The liability at the Valuation Date was recalculated to show the effect of:

- (i) A 1% increase and decrease in the assumed rate of health care cost inflation;
- (ii) A 1% increase and decrease in the discount rate;
- (iii) A one-year age reduction in the assumed rates of post-retirement mortality;
- (iv) A one-year decrease in the assumed average retirement age; and
- (v) A 10% decrease in the assumed proportion of in-service members that continue to receive the subsidy after retirement.

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability (R Millions)

Assumption	Change	In-service	Continuation	Total	% change
Central Assumptions		116.077	61.257	177.334	
Health care inflation	+1%	140.184	66.923	207.108	17%
	-1%	96.185	56.297	152.482	-14%
Discount Rate	+1%	95.904	56.374	152.278	-14%
	-1%	142.190	66.933	209.122	18%
Post-retirement Mortality	-1yr	120.224	63.937	184.161	4%
Average retirement age	-1yr	125.363	61.257	186.619	5%
Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	97.332	61.257	158.589	-11%

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

13. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis on the current-service and interest costs for the year ending 30 June 2015

Assumption	Change	Current-Service Cost	Interest Cost	Total	% change
Central Assumptions		7,386,700	13,334,900	20,721,600	
Health care	+1%	8,813,100	15,375,000	24,188,100	17%
inflation	-1%	6,093,700	11,522,700	17,616,400	-15%
Discount Rate	+1%	6,060,800	12,662,700	18,723,500	-10%
	-1%	9,124,200	14,041,100	23,165,300	12%
Post-retirement Mortality	-1yr	7,648,600	13,861,700	21,510,300	4%
Average retirement age	-1yr	7,769,000	14,049,500	21,818,500	5%
Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	6,271,900	11,841,600	18,113,500	-13%

Key assumptions used: Long service award

Assumptions used at the reporting date:

Discount rates used	7,92 %	7,95 %
General salary inflation	7,02 %	7,13 %
Net effective discount rate	0,84 %	0,77 %

The basis used to determine the discount rate

A discount rate of 7.92% per annum has been used. This is derived by using a liability-weighted average of the yields corresponding to the average term until payment of long service awards, for each employee. The corresponding liability-weighted index-linked yield is 1.32%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for taxation. These rates were deduced from the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE) Zero Coupon bond yield after the market close on 30 June 2015.

The average duration of the total liability is 6.91 years.

Salary Inflation Rate: This assumption is required to reflect the estimated growth in salaries of the eligible employees until retirement. It is important in that the LSA are based on an employee's salary at the date of the award.

The assumption is traditionally split into two components, namely General Salary Inflation and Promotional Salary Escalation. The latter is considered under demographic assumptions.

General Salary Inflation: This assumption is more stable relative to the growth in Consumer Price Index (CPI) than in absolute terms. In most industries, experience has shown, that over the long-term, salary inflation is between 1.0% and 1.5% above CPI inflation.

The expected inflation assumption of 6.02% was obtained from the differential between market yields on index-linked bonds (1.32%) consistent with the estimated terms of the liabilities and those of nominal bonds (7.92%) with a risk premium adjustment for the uncertainty implicit in guaranteeing real increases (0.50%). Therefore, expected inflation is determined as $((1+7.92\%-0.50\%)/(1+1.32\%))-1$.

Thus, a general salary inflation rate of 7.02% per annum over the expected term of the liability has been assumed, which is 1.00% higher than the estimate of CPI inflation over the same term. This assumption reflects a net discount rate of 0.84%. It has been assumed that the next salary increase will take place on 1 July 2016.

Sensitivity Results

The liability at the Valuation Date was recalculated to show the effect of:

- (i) A 1% increase and decrease in the assumed general salary inflation rate;
- (ii) A 1% increase and decrease in the discount rate;

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

13. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

(iii) A two-year decrease and increase in the assumed average retirement age of employees; and

(iv) A 50% decrease in the assumed withdrawal rates from service.

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability (R Millions)

Assumption	Change	Total Liability	% Change
Central Assumptions		49.818	
General salary inflation	+1%	52.947	6%
	-1%	46.981	-6%
Discount Rate	+1%	46.807	-6%
	-1%	53.203	7%
Average retirement age	-2 yrs	44.535	-11%
	+2 yrs	54.850	10%
Withdrawal Rate	-50%	57.432	15%

Sensitivity Analysis on the current-service and interest costs for the year ending 30 June 2015

Assumption	Change	Current-Service Cost	Interest Cost	Total	% change
Central Assumptions		3,546,900	3,566,100	7,113,000	
General salary inflation	+1%	3,842,900	3,806,200	7,649,100	8%
	-1%	3,282,700	3,348,400	6,631,100	-7%
Discount Rate	+1%	3,270,800	3,754,400	7,025,200	-1%
	-1%	3,862,600	3,344,900	7,207,500	1%
Average retirement age	-2 yrs	3,210,700	3,163,400	6,374,100	-10%
	+2 yrs	3,842,200	3,946,000	7,788,200	9%
Withdrawal Rate	-50%	4,528,800	4,148,500	8,677,300	22%

Key assumptions used: Ex-gratia benefits

Assumptions used at the reporting date:

Discount rates used	8,20 %	8,14 %
Salary increase rate (for Lump Sum Benefits)	6,97 %	7,14 %
Net effective discount rate	1,15 %	0,93 %

The basis used to determine the discount rate

GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from high quality corporate bond yields. However, where the market in these bonds is not significant, the market yields on government bonds consistent with the estimated term of the post-employment liabilities should be used.

A discount rate of 8.20% per annum has been used. The corresponding index-linked yield at this term is 1.63%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for taxation. These rates were deduced from the JSE Zero Coupon bond yield after the market close on 30 June 2015.

The yields were determined by looking at the average term of the liability component and finding the fixed-interest and index-linked gilt yields at the relevant duration of the JSE (Best Decency) Zero Coupon bond yield curve.

CPI Inflation Rate: This assumption is used to calculate the estimated growth in salaries of the eligible employees. Salaries were assumed to increase by 1% above expected CPI inflation.

An expected inflation assumption of 5.97% was obtained from the differential between market yields on index-linked bonds (1.63%) consistent with the estimated term of the liability and those of fixed-interest bonds (8.20%) with a risk premium adjustment for the uncertainty implicit in guaranteeing real increases (0.50%). Therefore, expected inflation is determined as $(1+8.20\%-0.50\%)/(1+1.63\%)$.

Sensitivity Results

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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13. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

The liability at the Valuation Date was recalculated to show the effect of:

- (i) A 1% increase and decrease in the assumed general salary inflation rate;
- (ii) A 1% increase and decrease in the discount rate; and
- (iii) A one-year decrease in the assumed average retirement age.

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability (R Millions)

Assumption	Change	Total Liability	% Change
Central Assumptions		1,049,371	
Benefit Increase rate	+1%	1,103,359	5%
	-1%	998,170	-5%
Discount Rate	+1%	999,189	-5%
	-1%	1,103,240	5%
Average retirement age	-1 yr	1,083,692	3%

Sensitivity Analysis on the interest costs for the year ending 30 June 2015

Assumption	Change	Total Liability	% Change
Central Assumptions		100,449	
Pension Increase rate	+1%	106,375	6%
	-1%	94,854	-6%
Discount Rate	+1%	106,624	6%
	-1%	93,303	-7%
Average retirement age	-1 yr	101,606	1%

14. Finance lease obligation

Minimum lease payments due

- within one year	4 460 781	2 949 294
- in second to fifth year inclusive	8 527 679	575 160
- later than five years	2 186 746	2 273 488

	15 175 206	5 797 942
less: future finance charges	(3 615 911)	(2 184 962)

Present value of minimum lease payments	11 559 295	3 612 980
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Present value of minimum lease payments due

- within one year	3 884 181	2 643 739
- in second to fifth year inclusive	6 783 852	109 313
- later than five years	891 262	859 928

	11 559 295	3 612 980
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Non-current liabilities	7 675 114	969 241
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Current liabilities	3 884 181	2 643 739
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	11 559 295	3 612 980
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The average lease term is 30 years and the average effective borrowing rate is 13.58%. Interest rates are fixed at the contract date. Some leases have fixed repayment terms and other escalate on a fixed rate and some fluctuate with the prime lending rate. No arrangements have been entered into for contingent rent.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
15. Unspent conditional grants and receipts		
Unspent conditional grants and receipts comprises of:		
Unspent conditional grants and receipts		
MIG grants	-	3 350 339
Department of Human Settlement	2 295 010	2 295 010
SRAC grant	676 525	2 033
WRDM grants	76 959	-
GDCOGTA:ALOE CAP	-	547 000
MSIG Grant	30 550	-
NDPG	19 815 431	1 988 822
Energy Efficiency & Demand Side Management Grant	448 092	-
GDARD:Environment	480 000	-
	23 822 567	8 183 204
Movement during the year		
Balance at the beginning of the year	8 183 204	7 984 020
Additions during the year	366 190 929	342 231 084
Income recognition during the year	(350 551 566)	(342 031 900)
	23 822 567	8 183 204

See note 31 for reconciliation of grants from National/Provincial Government.

These amounts are invested in a ring-fenced investment until utilised

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

16. Provisions

Reconciliation of provisions - 2015

	Opening Balance	Additions	Utilised during the year	Reversed during the year	Change in discount factor	Total
Landfill site rehabilitation	14 894 227	-	-	-	1 526 659	16 420 886
Bonus provision	12 013 199	4 262 301	(1 721 337)	(469 455)	-	14 084 708
	26 907 426	4 262 301	(1 721 337)	(469 455)	1 526 659	30 505 594

Reconciliation of provisions - 2014

	Opening Balance	Additions	Utilised during the year	Reversed during the year	Change in discount factor	Total
Landfill site rehabilitation	13 509 502	-	-	-	1 384 725	14 894 227
Bonus provision	9 775 584	5 592 547	(2 954 696)	(400 236)	-	12 013 199
	23 285 086	5 592 547	(2 954 696)	(400 236)	1 384 725	26 907 426

Non-current liabilities	16 420 886	14 894 227
Current liabilities	14 084 708	12 013 199
	30 505 594	26 907 426

a. Landfill Site Rehabilitation

In terms of the review performed by i@ Consulting prepared by the qualified Certified Professional Engineer, certified professional assets Assessor, professional construction project manager, project management professional Rob Childs. Provision required for restoration of the existing landfill sites is as follows:

1. The Luipaardsvlei Landfill Site is expected to continue to operate to 2018, with the restoration 2 years after closure which is expected in 2021. The new phase 4 is currently on construction and no provision required at this stage.

2. The Magaliesburg Landfill Site is expected to continue to operate for another 3 years to June 2018, with restoration of the cells expected in 2021.

3. Based on the above, and a discount rate of 10.25%, the provisions at 30 June 2015 will be as follows:

The provision at 30 June 2015 is as follows:

a. Luipaardsvlei original cell Landfill Site :R12 310 047

b. Magalies Landfill Site R4 110 839

Total Provision R16 420 886

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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17. Financial liabilities by category

2015

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
Current financial liabilities(refer to note 19)	41 345 977	41 345 977
Payables from exchange transactions(refer to note 18)	527 403 386	527 403 386
Non current financial liabilities(refer to note 19)	511 478 252	511 478 252
Consumer deposits(refer to note 22)	50 541 773	50 541 773
Sundry deposits(refer to note 20)	10 590 585	10 590 585
Current and non current finance lease obligation(refer to note 14)	11 559 295	11 559 295
	1 152 919 268	1 152 919 268

2014

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
Current financial liabilities(refer to note 19)	23 154 351	23 154 351
Payables from exchange transactions (refer to note 18)	441 144 643	441 144 643
Non-Current financial liabilities(refer to note 19)	320 848 444	320 848 444
Consumer deposits(refer to note 22)	45 609 474	45 609 474
Sundry deposits(refer to note 20)	9 968 309	9 968 309
Current and non-current finance lease obligation (refer to note 14)	3 612 980	3 612 980
	844 338 201	844 338 201

18. Payables from exchange transactions

Trade payables	320 701 179	253 593 114
Credit balance from other debtors	7 533 207	5 571 571
Third Party payments	976 914	20 428 865
Unpresented cheques	20 785 061	1 539 783
Consumer debtor credit balances	58 324 844	49 991 014
Receivables credit balances	5 233	4 939
Inventory in transit	49 469	151 142
Insurance claim	-	26 062
Unallocated cash	964 156	964 156
Undistributed deposit	21 733 661	22 460 581
Retention	30 376 249	29 654 188
Overtime accrual	2 687 955	2 552 512
Leave accrual	50 259 529	44 182 391
Bonus accrual	13 005 929	10 024 325
	527 403 386	441 144 643

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
19. Financial liabilities		
At amortised cost		
DBSA 10935	87 545 508	87 545 508
A total of 17 structured 20-year loans to the value of R90 million in total bearing interest at a fixed rate of 15% per annum, of which, these loans are repayable semi-annually in unequal instalments of fixed interest over 20 years, and the balance of R84 million payable in one instalment on 31 March 2018. The bullet repayment of the R84 million capital will be financed from a 20-year sinking-fund guaranteed investment trust purchased from Rand Merchant Bank and Momentum Investments.		
L239DBSA2029	232 058 393	-
An unsecured fixed-term loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 9.875% per annum, repayable monthly for a period of.		
DBSA L103217(1)	11 238 371	13 820 378
An unsecured fixed-term loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 12.11% per annum, repayable monthly in equal instalments. this loan will be fully paid on 31 October 2018.		
DBSA L103217(2)	2 442 946	3 076 681
An unsecured fixed-term loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.65% per annum, repayable monthly in equal instalments. this loan will be fully paid on 31 October 2018.		
FNB	9 744 923	18 432 429
An unsecured fixed-term loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 11.67% per annum, repayable quarterly in equal instalments. this loan will be fully paid on 31 May 2016.		
ABSA	38 160 390	42 479 842
An unsecured fixed-term loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 10.16% per annum, repayable monthly in equal instalments. this loan will be fully paid on 02 August 2021.		
NEDBANK	171 633 698	178 647 957
An unsecured fixed-term loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 9.21% per annum, repayable monthly in equal instalments. this loan will be fully paid on 31 Dec 2027.		
	552 824 229	344 002 795
Total financial liabilities	552 824 229	344 002 795
2015		
Mogale City Sourced financing of infrastructure capital projects amounting to R 239,500,000 from DBSA during the year under review, included in the closing balance of R 552,824,229 is the long term borrowing from the the previous years sourced from various banks namely DBSA,ABSA,FNB & Nedbank.		
2014		
During the year under review Mogale City did not source financing		
Non-current liabilities		
At amortised cost	511 478 252	320 848 444
Current liabilities		
At amortised cost	41 345 977	23 154 351
20. Sundry deposits		
Services deposits	10 590 585	9 968 309
Sundry deposits consists of hall, kerb, builder's water and key deposits.		
21. VAT payable (SARS)		
VAT payables	61 135 743	71 703 521

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
-----------------	------	------

21. VAT payable (SARS) (continued)

VAT is payable on the receipt basis. When payment is received from debtors the municipality pay VAT over to SARS. All VAT returns have been submitted by due date throughout the Financial year.

22. Consumer deposits

Electricity and water	50 541 773	45 609 474
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The above deposits represent Electricity & Water deposits as the current tariff structure do not permit individual deposit verification

23. sundry deposits

Impairment receivables	(667 362)	(749 464)
Sundry loans	418 074	487 176
Receivables credit balance transferred (creditors)	5 233	4 939
Stand and housing loans capital	244 055	257 349
	-	-

Non-current receivables impaired

As of 30 June 2015, the total trade and other receivables of R 667 362 (2014: R 749 464) were impaired.

The ageing of these loans is as follows:

Over 6 months	667 362	749 464
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Reconciliation of provision for impairment of non-current receivables

Opening balance	749 464	1 171 401
Reversal of provision (Written off as uncollectable)	(82 102)	(421 937)
	667 362	749 464

24. Revenue

Service charges	1 223 217 795	1 122 808 921
Rental of facilities and equipment	3 365 966	2 969 096
Interest received - Outstanding debtors	22 291 041	14 517 937
Income from agency services	22 184 201	21 407 917
Licences and permits	19 448	28 140
Other income	91 787 667	86 094 218
Interest received - investment	17 329 001	12 624 109
Dividends received	18 666	34 455
Property rates	394 494 590	308 722 620
Penalties imposed	24 995 256	32 025 759
Government grants & subsidies	350 004 565	340 624 729
Fines, penalties and forfeits	134 576 988	170 003 359
	2 284 285 184	2 111 861 260

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
-----------------	------	------

24. Revenue (continued)

The amount included in revenue arising from exchanges of goods or services are as follows:

Service charges	1 223 217 795	1 122 808 921
Rental of facilities and equipment	3 365 966	2 969 096
Interest received - Outstanding debtors	22 291 041	14 517 937
Income from agency services	22 184 201	21 407 917
Licences and permits	19 448	28 140
Other income	91 787 667	86 094 217
Interest received - investment	17 329 001	12 624 109
Dividends received	18 666	34 455
	1 380 213 785	1 260 484 792

The amount included in revenue arising from non-exchange transactions is as follows:

Taxation revenue

Property rates	394 494 590	308 722 620
Penalties imposed	24 995 256	32 025 759

Transfer revenue

Government grants & subsidies	350 004 565	340 624 729
Fines, penalties and forfeits	134 576 988	170 003 359

904 071 399 851 376 467

25. Service charges

Service charges	35 384 919	29 662 834
Sale of electricity	775 085 921	723 267 882
Sale of water	181 168 919	164 087 024
Sewerage and sanitation charges	127 544 240	105 154 920
Refuse removal	104 033 796	100 636 260
	1 223 217 795	1 122 808 920

26. Rental of facilities and equipment

Facilities and equipment

Rental of facilities	3 365 966	2 969 096
Premises	-	-
Garages and parking	-	-
Facilities and equipment	3 365 966	2 969 096

27. Income from agency services

Income from agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of Provincial Department of Transport has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of the agreement. Income from agency amounted to R22,184,201 in the year under review and R21,407,918 in 2014.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
28. Other receivables income		
Administration fees	419 435	1 804 699
Advertising	2 319 025	1 481 662
Application fees	549 213	514 034
Building plan fees	2 693 430	5 485 873
Bulk service connections	945 809	3 674 977
Cemetery fees	2 213 036	2 061 040
Contributions	5 679 234	2 874 770
Insurance claims	578 033	74 965
Medical aid contributions(Pensioners)	-	51 104
Other income	4 531 160	4 105 317
Sale of assets	2 548 246	6 310 711
Services connections	6 560 741	5 115 515
Unclaimed monies	-	4 245
Investment property fair value adjustment	18 982 794	23 644 383
Donation/Assets transferred	40 640 926	27 330 035
Fair value shares	44 798	153 720
DOE (Sanedi donation)	1 500 000	-
Bontle ke Botho	150 000	-
Seta training	884 787	1 407 167
DGCOGTA:Aloecap Project	547 000	-
	91 787 667	86 094 217

2015

Transfer/Donation of an assets

Due to the Netcare private hospital constructed at Pinehaven intersection a new Energy substation was built by the developer and a link was created between Muldersdrift Libertas 33kv line was added. These asset were therefore handed to the municipality for future maintenance and control. The other general assets acquired at no cost such as breeding of animals and land donated are added to the amount of R41 million disclosed

Bontle ke Botho,Seta and DGCOGTA:Aloecap

These grants do not form part of the conditional grants because their are not gazetted

2014

Transfer of assets:

Transferred assets (mostly bulk electricity supply to Pinehaven & roads & stormwater for the new mall and Kagiso Library) of about R27 330 million which in terms of GRAP should be recognized as income.

29. Investment revenue

Dividend received

Dividends	18 666	34 455
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Interest received- external investment

Interest on investments	16 396 029	11 986 053
Interest on favourable balances	932 972	638 056

17 329 001 12 624 109

Dividend	18 666	34 455
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Interest income	17 329 001	12 624 109
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Total revenue from investments	17 347 667	12 658 564
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Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
30. Property rates		
Rates received		
Residential	393 807 945	318 182 470
Commercial & Educational Institutions	184 020 445	149 485 416
Small holdings and farms	25 376 850	20 326 766
Less: Income forgone	(208 710 650)	(179 272 032)
	394 494 590	308 722 620
Penalties imposed	24 995 256	32 025 759
	419 489 846	340 748 379

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
31. Government grants and subsidies		
Operating grants		
Equitable share	238 641 000	222 291 000
MIG	1 699 756	1 973 915
Expanded public works programme	2 052 000	2 872 548
WRDM grant	2 651 969	2 671 680
SRAC grants	4 266 998	3 622 989
MSIG	-	783 450
Social Development-GDSD	-	2 642 064
FMG	1 450 000	1 300 000
	250 761 723	238 157 646
Capital grants		
DoE	3 551 908	-
MIG	78 639 581	89 664 295
SRAC grants	3 764 511	499 978
MSIG	903 450	106 550
NDPG	12 383 391	10 011 177
District Municipality Area	-	2 185 084
	99 242 841	102 467 084
	350 004 564	340 624 730

Equitable Share

In terms of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent community members.

All registered indigents receive a monthly subsidy based on indigent management policy, which is funded from the grant.

MIG grant

Balance unspent at beginning of year	3 350 338	892 548
Current-year receipts	76 989 000	94 096 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(80 339 338)	(91 638 210)
	-	3 350 338

Department of human settlement grant

Balance unspent at beginning of year	2 295 011	2 295 011
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Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15)

This grant is administered on behalf of the department of human settlement for the erection of RDP houses.

SRAC grant

Balance unspent at beginning of year	2 033	-
Current-year receipts	8 706 000	4 125 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(8 031 509)	(4 122 967)
	676 524	2 033

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15)

The grant is utilised for the libraries and sports facilities around Mogale City.

GDARD:ENVIRONMENT

Current-year receipts	480 000	-
	480 000	-

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15)

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
31. Government grants and subsidies (continued)		
The grant is used to refurbish the water care works in Mogale City and demand water management strategy.		
GDSD grant		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	3 064
Current-year receipts	-	2 639 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(2 642 064)
	-	-
WRDM grant		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	2 185 084
Current-year receipts	2 728 928	2 671 680
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(2 651 969)	(4 856 764)
	76 959	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15)		
WRDM funds various activities in the municipality e.g. HIV/AIDS, primary health care, programmes for the youth, elderly, disabled etc.		
Expanded public works programme		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	978 548
Current-year receipts	2 052 000	1 894 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(2 052 000)	(2 872 548)
	-	-
Seta training grants		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	1 082 766
Current-year receipts	-	324 401
Conditions met - transferred to other receivable income	-	(1 407 167)
	-	-
GDCOGTA: Aloe Cap		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	547 000	547 000
Conditions met - transferred to other receivable income	(547 000)	-
	-	547 000
FMG		
Current-year receipts	1 450 000	1 300 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(1 450 000)	(1 300 000)
	-	-
The grant is used for financial management Interns and other financial related projects.		
MSIG		
Current-year receipts	934 000	890 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(903 450)	(890 000)

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
31. Government grants and subsidies (continued)	30 550	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15)		
The grants is to be utilised for the purchase of internal audit software.		
Dep of Energy		
Current-year receipts	4 000 000	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(3 551 908)	-
	448 092	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15).		
The grant is utilised for electricity demand site management .		
NDPG		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	1 988 823	-
Current-year receipts	30 210 000	12 000 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(12 383 391)	(10 011 177)
	19 815 432	1 988 823
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15).		
The grant is to be utilised for the construction of pedestrian walk ways in Lerarong, Jacobs & Geba street intersection , Munsieville Township and Kagiso Drive		
DMA		
Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	2 185 084
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(2 185 084)
	-	-

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
32. Employee related costs		
Basic Salaries	332 357 162	301 464 383
Bonus	26 981 623	24 750 776
Medical aid - company contributions	22 505 618	19 481 066
UIF	2 657 984	2 581 178
SDL	140 813	133 540
Leave pay provision charge	3 171 893	1 554 919
Defined contribution plans (pension funds)	59 279 910	54 439 623
Overtime payments	30 419 898	26 950 516
Long-service awards	293 476	209 254
Acting allowances	1 891 960	1 726 612
Car allowance	40 535 962	37 387 116
Housing Subsidy	1 885 056	1 637 875
Section 57 Salaries	14 424 013	13 209 259
	536 545 368	485 526 117

Remuneration of Municipal Manager(Mashitisho D.M)

Annual Remuneration	1 560 424	1 426 247
Car Allowance	144 000	144 000
Performance Bonuses	332 050	125 992
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	118 898	108 829
	2 155 372	1 805 068

Remuneration of Chief Finance Officer(Mahuma L.M.E)

Annual Remuneration	1 171 796	1 061 322
Car Allowance	240 000	240 000
Performance Bonuses	128 338	119 385
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	89 751	81 460
	1 629 885	1 502 167

Chief Operating Officer(Mbulawa A.)

Annual Remuneration	1 243 530	1 133 237
Car Allowance	120 000	120 000
Performance Bonuses	89 837	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	138 017	129 545
	1 591 384	1 382 782

Executive Manager Corporate Support Services(R Mokebe)

Annual Remuneration	1 158 996	1 052 962
Car Allowance	180 000	180 000
Performance Bonuses	137 505	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	1 866	1 861
	1 478 367	1 234 823

Chief Audit Executive (CD Ngutshana) Appointed 01st February 2014

Annual Remuneration	1 224 232	437 278
Car Allowance	72 000	-
Performance Bonuses	137 505	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	37 528	44 775
Leave Resignation	-	120 837
	1 471 265	602 890

Executive Manager Infrastructure Management(MD Mokotedi) Resigned 30th November 2014

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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32. Employee related costs (continued)

Annual Remuneration	528 088	1 148 040
Car Allowance	100 000	240 000
Performance Bonuses	90 300	84 000
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	926	1 861
Leave Selling	78 385	-
	797 699	1 473 901

Executive Manager Integrated Enviromental Management(MN Mokoena)

Annual Remuneration	1 169 774	1 075 835
Car Allowance	81 489	81 489
Performance Bonuses	137 505	106 593
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	89 599	82 196
	1 478 367	1 346 113

Executive Manager Economic Services(M Msezana) Appointed 01st October 2014

Annual Remuneration	1 004 247	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	1 400	-
	1 005 647	-

Executive Manager Economic Services(MM Thelejane) Contract expired 30th April 2014

Annual Remuneration	-	809 176
Car Allowance	-	100 000
Performance Bonuses	-	74 615
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	-	158 254
Leave Resignation	-	123 296
Acting allowance	-	8 033
	-	1 273 374

Executive Manager Political Office (LR Seoposengwe)

Annual Remuneration	1 096 147	1 001 061
Car Allowance	120 000	120 000
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	124 715	113 761
	1 340 862	1 234 822

Executive Manager Social Services (S Mathebula)

Annual Remuneration	1 108 711	1 007 541
Car Allowance	187 500	187 500
Performance Bonuses	137 505	106 593
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	41 448	37 080
Acting Allowance	-	14 606
	1 475 164	1 353 320

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
33. Remuneration of councillors		
Part time Councillors		
Annual Remuneration	8 850 085	8 338 899
Car Allowance	3 456 140	3 334 339
Cellphone Allowance	1 114 775	1 123 886
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	1 818 830	1 799 081
Data Card Allowance	192 313	193 691
	15 432 143	14 789 896
Executive Mayor(KC Seerane)		
Annual Remuneration	721 814	520 581
Car Allowance	51 524	206 097
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	108 490	103 184
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	906 296	854 330
Speaker(SM Thupane)		
Annual Remuneration	440 896	415 089
Car Allowance	174 770	164 872
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	89 815	85 588
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	729 949	690 017
Chief Whip(SI Dube)		
Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 183
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 430
Section 79 Chair Person(MA Mdzeke)		
Annual Remuneration	518 809	501 324
Car Allowance	12 744	-
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 703	81 006
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	641 724	606 798

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
33. Remuneration of councillors (continued)		
Mayoral Committee(M Khuzwayo)		
Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 184
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 431
Mayoral Committee(NE Mdlulwa)		
Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 184
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 431
Mayoral Committee(FO Bhayat)		
Annual Remuneration	552 550	403 233
Car Allowance	38 643	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	70 272	66 308
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 933	648 582
Mayoral Committee(BH Friedman)		
Annual Remuneration	427 426	403 233
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	70 272	66 308
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 933	648 582
Mayoral Committee(SD Letsie)		
Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 184
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 431
Mayoral Committee(NC Mangole)		
Annual Remuneration	427 426	403 233
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	70 272	66 308
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 933	648 582
Mayoral Committee(MA Mathibe)		
Annual Remuneration	427 426	403 233

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
33. Remuneration of councillors (continued)		
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	70 272	66 308
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 933	648 582

Mayoral Committee(AK Setswalo-Moja)

Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 184
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 431

Mayoral Committee(ME Mathe)

Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 572
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 185
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 431

Mayoral Committee(N Kufa)

Annual Remuneration	412 400	388 206
Car Allowance	163 767	154 573
Cellphone Allowance	20 868	20 868
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	85 147	81 185
Data Card Allowance	3 600	3 600
	685 782	648 432

Total Councillors Remunerations 2015: R 25 254 320, (2014 R24 074 379)

The Executive Mayor, Speaker and Mayoral Committee Members are full-time. Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council .

The Executive Mayor is entitled to stay at the mayoral residence owned by Council at no cost and he is using the mayoral residence. The Executive Mayor and the Speaker has use of a Council owned vehicles for official duties.

The Executive Mayor has four full-time bodyguards.

34. Depreciation and amortisation

Intangible assets	968 041	399 726
Property, plant and equipment	228 497 239	268 768 836
	229 465 280	269 168 562

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
35. Impairment of assets		
Impairments Loss		
Property, plant and equipment	(84 040)	(387 175)
Reversal of impairments		
Property, plant and equipment	-	71 025
	-	-
	84 040	316 150
36. Finance costs		
Bank	43 109 777	38 049 291
37. Debt impairment		
Contributions to debt impairment provision	221 886 172	221 290 165
The contribution to debt impairment comprises of consumer debtors, sundry debtors and traffic impairment		
38. Repairs and maintenance		
Repairs and maintenance	66 355 399	69 372 350
39. Bulk purchases		
Electricity	508 841 410	477 858 235
Water	188 340 188	177 169 761
Sewer purification	2 953 183	2 927 335
	700 134 781	657 955 331

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

39. Bulk purchases (continued)

2015

Electricity Losses

During the year under consideration MCLM had unaccounted electricity of 7.72% 54,920,168.75 kwh (9.74 %: 2014, 70,909,827.88kwh). The total rand value of these losses were R 29,423,925,44 (R 32,773,718 : 2014) .The inherent distribution losses of an electricity distribution system(technical losses)can be anything between (6.5% and 10%) depending on the magnitude of the electricity distribution and whether the distribution system is based on latest engineering technology and practice or does it consist of the very old engineering practice of 30-50 years ago like many of the older municipal distribution systems.The electricity tariffs are structured in such a manner that it makes provision for the recovery of technical system losses.This is a prerequisite from the National Electricity Regulator before they can approve any electricity tariffs.The NER Benchmark for system losses is 10% and the Financial Benchmark (tolerable range) is between 5-12%.

Electricity distribution losses are calculated after taking the following into account:

- Transmission losses;
- Municipal consumption;
- Free basic electricity; and
- Theft.

Electric transmission represents losses that arise from the resistance when electricity is transmitted from Eskom to Mogale City Local Municipality and to the end user. This amount of electricity lost is dependent on the specific conductors, the current flowing, and the length of the transmission line. This loss is not under the control of Mogale City

2015

Water Losses

During the year under consideration MCLM had unaccounted water of 27% (non-technical losses), 8,403,375.50 kl. The total rand value of these non-technical losses were R 50,106,814.60.This was mainly due to faulty prepaid meters, straight pipes in some areas and leakages.

The non-technical losses are losses that the municipality is in the process to reduce.

Intervention undertaken by Mogale City to reduce non-technical losses of 27%:

- 1 Replacement of the old water pipeline: - The contractors was appointed late in the financial year. Pipeline replacement phase 2 will be rolled out subject to the availability of funds.
- 2 Installation of prepaid water meters:- 17742 water meters installed to date
- 3 Telemetry Project: phase 1 completed, phase 2 will be implemented focusing on the water network (pipeline and meters).
- 4 Other problematic areas have been identified:-Automatic meter reading will be done on all zonal meters.

During the year under review the technical losses which the municipality do not have control over was 15%,4,695,583.95 kl amounting to R27,963,152.06.

2014

Water Losses

During the year under consideration MCLM had unaccounted water of 29% (non-technical losses), 9,371,172 kl. The total rand value of these non-technical losses were R 51,178,793.This was mainly due to faulty prepaid meters, straight pipes in some areas and leakages.

The non-technical losses are losses that the municipality is in the process to reduce.

Intervention undertaken by Mogale City to reduce non-technical losses of 29%:

- 1.Replacement of old pipelines(limited number in comparison to the extent of ageing infrastructure)-tenders advertised already,
- 2.Resealing of Magaliesburg Reservoir to be done in the current financial year
- 3.Installation of prepaid water meters-projected started in Kagiso-Since inception R800,000 has been recorded in sales with approximately 440,000kl accounted for in consumption.
- 4.Telemetry project is current being implemented which assist in remote monitoring of reservoirs and pump stations and reduce water spillages
- 5.Other problematic areas have been identified-replacement of such infrastructure will take place on an annual basis due to limited funds.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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39. Bulk purchases (continued)

During the year under review the technical losses which the municipality do not have control over was 15%,4,785,120 kl amounting to R26,361,109.

40. Contracted services

Information Technology Services	6 022 618	7 171 252
Fleet Services	27 905 854	21 051 190
Rental and communication services	23 020 912	26 411 982
Specialist Services	5 135 627	3 681 037
Other Contractors (Security services,lease office equipment,rental water tanks and rental chemical toilet,refuse removal Tedcor and system support)	133 799 651	117 495 779
	195 884 662	175 811 240

41. Grants and subsidies paid

Other subsidies

Other grants	2 619 665	2 546 298
Basic services	38 202 857	21 072 372
Grants in aid	1 745 435	1 475 482
Grants discretionary	528 631	367 477
	43 096 588	25 461 629
	-	-
Other subsidies	43 096 588	25 461 629

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
42. General expenses		
Advertising	1 368 068	842 459
Assessment rates & municipal charges	29 093 901	30 567 328
Audit committee remuneration	288 910	215 530
Bank charges	2 123 125	3 130 294
Internet fees	169 350	73 225
Settlement and legal fees	23 680 785	12 549 786
Consumables	766 644	788 193
Entertainment	9 800	7 500
Gifts	4 172	9 554
Insurance	2 344 870	2 878 737
Bursary scheme/External	2 216 079	1 702 010
Conferences and seminars	541 422	335 229
Transport Rental	6 840	51 270
Stores & Material	3 708 765	2 157 461
Magazines, books and periodicals	155 401	145 649
Medical examination/X-rays	2 263	860
Fuel and oil	10 359 719	13 540 546
Postage and courier	5 173 466	4 537 933
Printing and stationery	2 019 089	1 857 636
Safety equipments/Protective clothing	795 828	623 461
Special Projects	10 679 769	11 851 610
License fees	2 358 577	2 748 335
COIDA	3 258 552	4 519 306
Refreshments general & meetings	999 170	623 318
Subscriptions and membership fees	6 121 443	4 720 298
Telephone and faxes	11 593 951	9 844 726
Training	4 094 715	2 074 505
Travel - local	981 053	1 098 416
Travel - overseas	38 228	516 363
Purchases for consumption	5 662 615	4 151 844
Skills levy	4 378 893	3 974 966
Public Participation	1 569 349	829 621
Current services costs	10 933 541	9 816 920
Actuarial gains and losses	12 015 140	6 450 524
Relocation costs	4 280	732 106
Management fee:Game reserve	438 597	1 331 140
Other expenses	42 571 838	24 194 402
	202 528 208	165 493 061

Other Expenses

Item	Amount(R)
Social responsibility	
Landfill site	1 526 658
Purchase of distribution of 240 litre bins	1 468 519
Stipend	1 199 800
Incubator program	3 700 000
Marketing	1 133 169
Electricity: Street lighting	1 063 175

The remaining balance for other expenses includes small items

43. Assets written off

Assets written off	9 847 661	10 785 371
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Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand			2015	2014	
44. Prior year adjustments					
2014	As previously reported	Change in accounting policy	Corrections	Reclassification	Restated
Statement of Financial Performance					
Revenue from exchange transactions					
Service charges	1,122,808,922	-	-	-	1,122,808,921
Rentals of facilities and equipment	2,969,096	-	-	-	2,969,096
Interest received- Outstanding Debtors	14,517,937	-		-	14,517,937
Income from agency services	21,407,918	-	-	-	21,407,917
Licences and permits	28,140	-	-	-	28,140
Interest received - investment	12,624,109	-	-	-	12,624,109
Dividends received	34,455	-	-	-	34,455
Other receivables Income	84,478,606	-		1,615,612	86,094,218
Total Revenue from exchange transactions	1,258,869,183	-		1,615,612	- 1,260,484,793
Revenue from non-exchange transactions					
Property rates	308,722,620				308,722,620
Penalties imposed	32,025,759				32,025,759
Government grants and subsidies	342,031,900			1,407,171	340,624,729
Fines, penalties and forfeits	170,003,359				170,003,359
Total reveune from non-exchange transactions	852,783,638			1,407,171	853,365,290
Total reveune	2,111,652,821			208,439	2,111,861,260
Expenditure:					
Employee related costs	485,486,327		40,495		485,526,822
Remuneration of councillors	24,074,379				24,074,379
Depreciation and amortisation	268,254,626		1,913,936		269,168,562
Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment	316,151				316,151
Finance costs	55,300,492			-17,251,201	38,049,291
Debt impairment	221,318,129		-27,964		221,290,165
Collection costs	34,042,829				34,042,829
Repairs and maintenance	69,372,351				69,372,350
Bulk purchases	657,955,331				657,955,331
Contracteed services	175,811,239				175,811,241
Grants and subsidies paid	25,461,629				25,461,629
General expenses	148,241,878			17,251,201	148,241,863
Assets written off	10,680,447		104,925		10,785,372
Total expenditure	2,175,315,808		2,031,392		2,177,347,186
Operating deficit	-63,662,987		-2,031,392	208 439	63,497,103
Deficit for the year	-63,662,987		-2,031,,392	208 439	63,497,103
Statement of Financial Position					
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Inventories	14,057,661				14,057,661
Receivables from non - exchange transactions	55,136,491		6,833		55,143,324
Consumer debtors	360,807,011		27,855		360,834,866
Cash and cash equivalents	96,704,604				96,704,604
Operating lease asset	296,263				296,263
	527,002,030		34,688		527,036,718
Non-current assets					
Investment property	502,511,800		4,855,838		507,367,638
Property, plant and equipment	5,229,164,415		-8,539,551		5,220,624,864
Intangible assets	4,860,463				4,860,464
Heritage assets	619,685		932,465		1,552,150

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand		2015	2014
44. Prior year adjustments (continued)			
Financial assets	53,934,765		53,934,765
Total Non-Current Assets	5,791,091,128	-2,751,239	5,788,339,889
Total Assets	6,318,093,158	-2,716,551	6,315,376,607
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Employee benefit obligation	19,628,430		19,628,430
Finance lease obligation	2,643,739		2,643,739
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	8,183,204		8,183,204
Provisions	12,013,199		12,013,199
Payables from exchange transactions	441,097,299	47,336	441,144,635
Financial liabilities	23,154,351		23,154,351
Sundry deposits	9,968,309		9,968,309
VAT payable	70,446,060	1 257 461	70,446,060
Consumer deposits	45,609,474		45,609,474
	632,744,065	-1,304,805	634,048,870
Non-current liabilities			
Employee benefit obligation	177,607,089		177,607,089
Finance lease obligation	969,241		969,241
Provisions	14,894,227		14,894,227
Financial liabilities	320,848,444		320,848,444
Total Non Current Liabilities	514,319,001		514,319,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,147,063,066	1,304,805	1,148,367,871
NET ASSETS	5,171,030,092	-4,021,356	-5,167,008,736
NET ASSETS			
Social Responsibility Fund	8,880,072 -	-1,669 448	7,210,624
Accumulated surplus	5,162,150,020	-2 351 908	5,159,798,112
Total Net Assets	5,171,030,092	-4,021,356	5,167,008,736

Prior year adjustments

Corrections/Reclassification/Change in accounting policy

1. Reclassification of operating grants other receivables income: R1 615 612
2. Reclassification of grants and subsidies R1 407 171
3. Re instatement of leave accrual: R40 495
4. Corrections of depreciation on different assets: R1 913 936
5. Re-instatement of debt impairment: (R27 964)
6. Fair value adjustment of transferred properties corrections: R104 925
7. Investment property incorrectly classified, fair value adjustment: R4 855 838
8. PPE prior year derecognition, library books, animals: (R8 539 551)
9. Heritage assets derecognition: R932 465
10. Re-instatement of rollover not approved: (R1 988 822)
11. Finance cost R17 251 201 reclassifications
12. vat payable R1 257 461 correction

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Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
45. Cash generated from operations		
Deficit	(17 701 058)	(65 485 923)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	229 558 686	269 168 562
Fair value gain on assets	(18 982 794)	(23 644 383)
Loss on disposal of assets	9 847 661	10 785 372
Employee benefits	30 965 560	20 779 548
Public donation	(39 589 011)	(27 330 035)
Impairment reversals	84 041	316 150
Debt impairment	221 886 172	221 290 165
Movements in provisions	3 598 168	3 622 340
Other non-cash items	(7 361 131)	4 178 527
Changes in working capital:		
Inventories	(1 101 736)	(2 894 415)
sundry deposits	(622 276)	(689 462)
Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	(116 808 133)	(96 385 580)
Consumer debtors	(139 583 319)	(103 783 261)
Payables from exchange transactions	86 258 748	47 059 721
VAT	(10 567 778)	(871 861)
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	15 639 363	199 185
Consumer deposits	4 932 299	6 151 024
operating lease liability	-	148 197
	250 453 462	262 613 871

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

46. Budget differences

Material differences between budget and actual amounts

The differences between the approved budget and final budget is as the result of reallocation within the budget as per virement policy

Management considers 10% or more of variance as material. A detailed description of the variance is provided below.

Revenue

1. Interest received – outstanding debtors – this is partly due to the fact that the indigent amounting to R 95,4 million in the (2014/15) as compared to R 84,4 million (2013/14) was written off. this amount included interest accrued on overdue accounts.

2. Income from agency services – this is income received as a percentage of the total income collected on behalf of the Provincial Department of Transport for license fees, the reason for the more than expected collection is that Mogale City has been identified as one of the most effective and efficient in relation to service to residents, as a result the municipality experiences an influx of licence holders coming for license renewal in the area. Mogale City license centre is the only centre in Gauteng that opens on Saturday.

3. Other income – this item is made up of array of line items which were forecast to realise a 6% increase in revenue, most of the items missed the forecast and the aggregate resulted into a gross underperformance. The biggest contributors were service connections and donation from SANEDI, the latter which was budgeted at R 10 million received only R 1, 5 million with the balance to be realised in the 2015/16 financial year.

4. Interest received on investments – this came as a result of the loan amount invested, as projects funded by the loan were slow moving, funds had to be invested in the meantime to earn interest.

5. Property rates – the increase in the rates levied and the revaluation of properties across the municipality let to this more than expected revenue.

6. Properties rates - penalties imposed – this is revenue related to reconnection fees, this are primarily penalties for disconnections, it is not always accurate to budget for this revenue items, the municipality does not intend to disconnect residents therefore cannot actually budget for this revenue stream.

7. Fines – the R 134, 5 million is inclusive of the amount of tickets issued, R 24, 5 million of those paid and the R 13, 5 million of tickets written off. The probability of collection thereof based on the average collection for the past three years is 21%.

Expenditure

1. Remuneration of Councillors – the percentage increase forecast for this item was higher than was actually awarded as an increase to Councillors in terms of the Public Office Bearers Act, therefore a saving is realised on this item although the amount was not far off the mark.

2. Finance Costs – this is interest expenditure on loans taken by the municipality to finance capital projects, during the 2014/15 Mogale City embarked on a new loan to finance expenditure on the capital budget, this projects were aimed primarily at replacing and upgrading aging infrastructure, this led to additional expenditure incurred on this line item.

3. Debt impairment – the over expenditure is primarily due to the valuation of traffic fines impairment, which requires that the computation thereof includes those fines recognised during the past three years, this is in accordance with the requirements of iGrap 1.

4. Repairs and maintenance – as the municipality embarked on a programme to replace and upgrade aging infrastructure, costs related to the maintenance therefore general decreases. In addition to the costs to repair and maintain aging infrastructure are the costs to maintain fleet and buildings, this cost items have decreased. A large portion of the municipality's fleet is on operational lease, the lease agreement is inclusive of the maintenance plan, therefore the burden

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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46. Budget differences (continued)

to maintain the fleet is lessened.

5. Contracted Services – the total reflect the total contracted services that the municipality has currently, the total expenditure is less than was anticipated and this is primarily due to the awarding and delivery of leased vehicles, the tender was awarded in the fourth quarter of the year after having been re - advertised. The municipality is currently waiting for the delivery of fleet items, this resulted in delayed expenditure on this budget item.

6. Grants and subsidies paid – this item is made up of various kinds of grants but prominent amongst them is the indigent subsidies. The over expenditure emanates primarily on indigent subsidies line items as more than expected households registered for indigence. The municipality is undertaking an extensive campaign to ensure that those who qualify as indigents are identified and registered as such. The amount subsidised annual fluctuate and the budget is based on historical figures, this is adjusted on a year to year basis reflecting what was recorded the previous financial year.

7. General expenses – this item is made up of number of line items used generally for the day to day running of the municipality, in line with the National Treasury appeal to all organs of state to curb unnecessary expenditure, the municipality has put in place policies and measures to ensure that expenditure on this items are kept to the lowest possible level.

47. Commitments

Authorised capital expenditure

Already contracted for

• Infrastructure	55 599 215	646 763
• Community	460 989	2 059 301
• Other	-	360
	56 060 204	2 706 424

This committed expenditure relates to assets and will be financed by available bank facilities

Operating leases - as lessee (expense)

Minimum lease payments due

- within one year	4 915 532	4 854 518
- in second to fifth year inclusive	1 765 130	1 326 562
	6 680 662	6 181 080

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the municipality for certain of its office, trucks, motor vehicles, cellphones and 3G cards and photocopy machine. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 36-120 months. Most of the rentals in terms of these operating lease arrangements are fixed while some rentals escalate on average by 10% or prime lending rate. No restrictions have been imposed on the municipality in terms of the operating lease agreements. No contingent rent is payable.

Operating leases - as lessor (income)

Minimum lease payments due

- within one year	763 697	730 422
- in second to fifth year inclusive	2 219 748	983 581
- later than five years	1 867 105	262 632
	4 850 550	1 976 635

Certain of the municipality's property is held to generate rental income. Lease agreements have terms from 6 to 25 years. the rental escalates at 10% on average. There are no contingent rents receivable.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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48. Contingencies

Outstanding Legal Matters

Category A

Mathe Construction	5,500,000	5,500,000
The applicants were contracted by the municipality to construct low costing houses. The agreement was cancelled by the Municipality after the withdrawal of funding by the Provincial Housing Department. The applicant is suing the Municipality for damages suffered as a result of the cancellation of the contract.		
Letratek (Pty) Ltd	---	5,000,000
Alleges serious flaws with the awarding of tender and that it should have been awarded to him		
Aloecap (PTY) LTD	2,500,000	---
The Service Provider is suing the Municipality for breach of contract in that the contract was cancelled without proper notice		
V. Venter	22,000	22,000
Traffic Vehicle of the Municipality collided with the plaintiff's vehicle and he is claiming for damages		
Chabano Trading Consultant	1,167,770	1,167,770
The Plaintiff alleges that Municipality has unlawfully terminated the contract.		
Thembi Sheila Hlwatswayo	---	800,000
Loss of income as result of husband's death caused by tree that fell on her husband's motor vehicle		
Francois Jacobs Van Staden	38,423	38,423
The plaintiff instituted a claim against the Municipality as a result of damages he suffered after falling into a pot hole with his motor cycle. 100% as the responsibility for the upkeep of the road lies with the MEC		
The case was resolved during the year under review.		
M.E Maluleke	---	56,045
The plaintiff instituted a claim for injuries against the Municipality as she fell into a sorm Water hole		
Khalipha Entertainment	1,799,490	1,799,490
MCLM sued service provider for failing to give proper account of the jazz and payment made in terms of the contract and Khalipha made a counter claim against MCLM of the same amount.		
Subtotal	11,027,683	14,383,728

Category B

Labour matters

Deputy Directors	1,480,000	1,850,000
1) S.Makgatla 2) L. Tshoane 3) N. Mabunda 4) A. Maswanganyi 5) T Mathye 6) J Nkhumane		
The former directors allege unfair termination of the contract of employment in that their contracts should have been made permanent. the reason for decrease is because S.Makgatla withdrew the case.		
S. Kuane	--	74,000
Unfair labour practise based on placement matter at labour Court		
Murray & Ors	3,000,000	3,000,000
The employee alleges that they did not receive notices 168 Employees Matter is still pending settlement negotiations underway and provision of additional information from finance and IMATU		

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
48. Contingencies (continued)		
Colbert Mphaphudi	328,200	328,200
Unfair Labour practise		
Madelein van Rooyen	107,069	107,069
The Plaintiff alleges that the municipality was partly negligent in not ensuring that the Bungee jumping is safe		
Victor Tafu	480,753	480,753
The employee alleges he was unfairly dismissed		
Subtotal	5,396,022	5,840,022
Total	16,423,705	20,223,750

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2015

2014

48. Contingencies (continued)

Contingent assets

2015

Khalipha Entertainment

MCLM sued service provider an amount of R2,000,000 for failing to give proper accounts of the organised jazz festival and make payment in terms of the contract.

2014

I Van Wyk

The Municipality is suing the Defendant for outstanding rates and taxes amounting to R45000.

Khaba B

The municipality is suing for damages amounting R42,000 as a result of alleged fraud by the defendant.

Willturnerkey Construction

The Municipality erroneously overpaid an amount of R317,000 to Willturner Key Construction.

Naledi Plant Hire

The Municipality filed a counter claim of R813,247 overpayment to Naledi Plant Hire.

Khalipha Entertainment

MCLM sued service provider an amount of R1,1800,000 for failing to give proper accounts of the organised jazz festival and make payment in terms of the contract.

African Bush Adventures

The municipality cancelled the contract in a process of recovering the outstanding rates and taxes payments amounting R1,700,000.

Game Reserve Lodge

The municipality is suing for outstanding rental payments amounting to R180,000 of the leased premises.

49. Related parties

Relationships

Accounting Officer

Members of key management

Mr D.M Mashitisho

Mr L.M.E Mahuma

Mr D.C Ngutshana

Ms S. Mathebula

Mrs R. Mokebe

Mr B. Seopasengwe

Ms M. Mokoena

Mr M. Msezana

Mr D. Mokotedi

Mr A. Mbulawa

Transactions relating to key management personnel are disclosed in note 32 & 33 and have been accounted for according to IPSAS 20

50. Irregular expenditure

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
50. Irregular expenditure (continued)		
Opening balance	-	-
Less: Expenditure regularised by Council	-	-
Closing balance	-	-

2015

Irregular Expenditure

There is no irregular expenditure during the year under review.

Unauthorized Expenditure

There is no unauthorized expenditure during the year under review

51. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act

Contributions to organised local government

Current year subscription / fee	5 987 382	73 183
Amount paid - current year	(5 987 382)	(73 183)
	-	-

Audit fees

Current year subscription / fee	3 880 031	3 081 110
Amount paid - current year	(3 880 031)	(3 081 110)
	-	-

PAYE and UIF

Opening balance	5 367 661	5 348 022
Current year subscription / fee	78 747 808	70 467 094
Amount paid - current year	(72 198 436)	(75 834 754)
Amount paid - previous years	(5 367 661)	(5 348 023)
	6 549 372	(5 367 661)

Pension and Medical Aid Deductions

Opening balance	9 408 895	36 400
Current year subscription / fee	133 864 605	121 635 841
Amount paid - current year	(143 273 500)	(112 263 346)
	-	9 408 895

Councillors' arrear consumer accounts

Councillors had no arrear accounts outstanding of more than 90 days at 30 June 2015:

52. Audit committee remuneration

Fees	288 910	215 530
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Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
53. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure		
Fruitless expenditure -Current year	264 454	4 179 247
Less expenditure condoned by council	(264 454)	(4 179 247)
	-	-

2015

The municipality incurred fruitless and wasteful expenditure during the year under review from interest levied on late payment to Eskom and Rand water respectively. The lateness of payment derives from unfavourable payment terms set out in the contract with the Eskom. Eskom has levied an amount of R4 596 412.21 interest on late payments for the year under review. Mogale City was successful in obtaining a credit note of 4 336 076.08 from Eskom for interest levied on late payments on bulk electricity purchases from May 2014 to April 2015 thus leaving an amount of R260 336.13 for interest levied in May and June 2015. Rand Water has raised interest of R 4 117.73. The fruitless expenditure was condoned by council on the 31 August 2015 (Item K(ii)(08/2015)

2014

The municipality incurred fruitless and wasteful expenditure during the year under review from interest levied on late payment to Eskom and Rand water respectively. The lateness of payment derives from unfavourable payment terms set out in the contract with the Eskom. The fruitless and wasteful expenditure was condoned on the 25th September 2014 (Item K(ii) 1(9/2014).

54. Utilisation of Long-term liabilities reconciliation

Long-term liabilities raised	552 824 229	344 002 795
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Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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55. Deviation from supply chain management regulations 2015

Paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) of Government gazette No. 27636 issued on 30 May 2005 states that a supply chain management policy must provide for the procurement of goods and services by way of a competitive bidding process.

Paragraph 36 of the same gazette states that the accounting officer may dispense with the official procurement process in certain circumstances, provided that he records the reasons for any deviations and reports them to the next meeting of the and includes a note to the annual financial statements.

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3 (03/2014)

DESCRIPTION Emergency purchase of front rake screen for Magaliesburg Water Care Works

AWARDED TO S.A.M.E. Water

AMOUNT R 114 000

114 000

SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(i): Emergency

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3(10/2014)

DESCRIPTION Provision of tankered water to various affected areas in Krugersdorp, Kenmare, Ruimsig, Muldersdrift and Pinehaven on an emergency basis (I (R) 06/2012 Hire of Plant)

AWARDED TO Twin – M Plant Hire

AMOUNT R 466 175

466 175

SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(i) - Emergency situation

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3(10/2014)

DESCRIPTION Security Breach on BIQ financial system

AWARDED TO Comperio Forensic Services

AMOUNT R 592 389.51

592 390

SECTION Section 36 (1) (a) (i): Emergency

COUNCIL ITEM NR K (ii) 3(7/2015)

DESCRIPTION Purchase of traffic light controllers damaged during various accidents at main intersections in MCLM directly for the manufacturer of the damaged electro mechanical type traffic light controllers

AWARDED TO Automotor Traffic Signal Co (Pty) Ltd

AMOUNT R 182 675.88

182 676

SECTION Section 36 (1) (a) (i): Emergency

COUNCIL ITEM NR K (ii) 3(7/2015)

DESCRIPTION Tudor Shaft Resettlement and Relocation Programme at Kagiso Ext 13

AWARDED TO Vuka Ultrasonic JV (Vuka Africa / Ultrasonic Express / Masekwameng)

AMOUNT R 32 512 336.59

32 512 337

SECTION Section 36 (1) (a) (i): Emergency

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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55. Deviation from supply chain management regulations 2015 (continued)

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3(10/2014)

DESCRIPTION Extension of Software License Agreement for Cemetery Management System for a period of three years (1 September 2014 to 31 August 2017)

AWARDED TO Synapsis Smart Software

AMOUNT	R 51 061.42 per annum for a period of three years	153 184
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(ii): Sole service provider

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 4(12/2014)

DESCRIPTION Appointment of IBM South Africa Ltd to provide STG Lab Services

AWARDED TO IBM South Africa Ltd

AMOUNT	R 259 882.76	259 883
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(ii) – sole provider

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 2(01/2015)

DESCRIPTION Service of specialised analytical equipment installed at Percy Steward Wastewater Treatment Works – for a period of 12 months

AWARDED TO Endress + Hauser

AMOUNT	R 443 964.13	443 694
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(ii) – Sole Service

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 2(01/2015)

DESCRIPTION Supply and Delivery of ADAudit Plus and ADManager Plus Software including a three (3) year license from ITR Technology (1 December 2014 to 30 November 2017)

AWARDED TO ITR Technology

AMOUNT	R 236 776.18	236 776
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(ii) – Sole Provider

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 2(4/2015)

DESCRIPTION Training 15 unemployed matriculants as library assistants - Library Practice Skills Programme

AWARDED TO BEPE Developments in Education and Training (Pty) Ltd trading as BP Developments

AMOUNT	Training of 15 interns at R 21 900 per intern and a stipend of R 600 per intern. Training of 15 interns at R 21 900 per intern and a stipend of R 600 per intern. Total cost R 436 500 to be claimed back from LGSETA	436 500
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(ii) – Sole Service Provider

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
55. Deviation from supply chain management regulations 2015 (continued)		
COUNCIL ITEM NR	K(ii) 2(4/2015)	
DESCRIPTION	Approval of annual renewal of GIS enterprise licenses and integration of GIS data within MCLM	
AWARDED TO	ESRI South Africa	
AMOUNT	R 640 863	640 863
SECTION	Section 36 (1)(a)(ii) – Sole Service Provider	
COUNCIL ITEM NR	K(ii) 3(10/2014)	
DESCRIPTION	Refurbishment of six submersible mixers are Percy Steward Water Care Works through “strip and quote”	
AWARDED TO	Electrical & Pump Centre	
AMOUNT	R 154 702.29	154 702
SECTION	Section 36 (1) (a)(v): Impossible/impractical to follow official procurement process	
COUNCIL ITEM NR	K(ii) 3(10/2014)	
DESCRIPTION	Repair through “strip and quote” of SP 200 Compactor and Front Rake Sludge Screen at the Rietvallei Sewerage Pump Station – extension 1	
AWARDED TO	S.A.M.E Water	
AMOUNT	R 44 574.00	44 574
SECTION	Section 36 (1) (a)(v): Impossible/impractical to follow official procurement process	
COUNCIL ITEM NR	K(ii) 4(12/2014)	
DESCRIPTION	Emergency Repair and Supply of Material for street and public lighting repairs (Section 32 approvals not received from other organs of state)	
AWARDED TO	Genlux Lighting , Industrial Poles and Masts Pty Ltd, Jupiter Electrical Wholesalers, Beka Lighting Pty Ltd	
AMOUNT	R 1880 337.66+R 76 522.50+R 354 781.68+R 1 472 097.96	3 783 770
SECTION	Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to embark on a an official procurement process	
COUNCIL ITEM NR	K(ii) 4(12/2014)	
DESCRIPTION	Utilization of an Electrical Engineer appointed by the Joint Financing agreement for External Services for Heritage Manor – Munsieville South (1 August 2014 to 30 July 2017)	
AWARDED TO	Eksteen & Le Roux	
AMOUNT	Appointment for a max period of three years based on approved fees (% of total contract value) 1 346 428	
SECTION	Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to embark on a an official procurement process	
COUNCIL ITEM NR	K(ii) 2(01/2015)	
DESCRIPTION	General Valuation Roll Integration Project into BIQ	
AWARDED TO	Northwest Valuations	
AMOUNT	R 1 169 999.54	1 170 000
SECTION	Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process	

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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55. Deviation from supply chain management regulations 2015 (continued)

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 2(01/2015)

DESCRIPTION Additional scope as required by Finance Department for implementation of IFMS -Revenue
-SCM -Financials

AWARDED TO RSL Enterprise trading as Ramco

AMOUNT	R 1 056 000	1 056 000
SECTION	Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process	

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 2(01/2015)

DESCRIPTION Additional cost that are associated with the finalization of the Integrated Financial Management Solution (IFMS): -Parallel run support -Payrol -Operational Business Analytics 11 055 556

AWARDED TO RSL Enterprise trading as RAMCO

AMOUNT	R 11 055 556	11 055 556
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – Impractical to follow normal SCM process

COUNCIL ITEM NR K (ii) 2(4/2015)

DESCRIPTION Extension of the current fleet tenders. I (F) 40/2010, I(F) 43/2010, I(F) 44/2010, I(F) 45/2010 (1 April 2015 to 30 June 2015)

AWARDED TO Fleetmatics, Aqua transport, G-Fleet, Sula smart 8 700 000

AMOUNT	R 2 900 000 P/M	8 700 000
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process

COUNCIL ITEM NR K (ii) 2(4/2015)

DESCRIPTION Leasing of Ellerines Building for Economic Services for a period of 12 months

AWARDED TO Azaad Aswat Investment cc

AMOUNT	R225 984.86 per month	2 711 818
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3 (06/2015)

DESCRIPTION Assignment of SEDA Construction Incubator Contractors to MIG Rural Water and Sanitation Project (five contractors /20km pipeline each)

AWARDED TO Weziswe Development (Pty) Ltd Tsazamu Enterprise (Pty) Ltd Serontabole Construction and Maintenance Modikoe Modikoe Building Construction Gritty Trading and Projects cc

AMOUNT	5 x R 360 000	1 800 000
SECTION	Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process	

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3 (06/2015)

DESCRIPTION Installation and cabling network points 1st Floor Offices, President Building as part of Renovation Project

AWARDED TO Melcob Supplies

AMOUNT	R 92 504.87	92 505
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SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
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55. Deviation from supply chain management regulations 2015 (continued)

COUNCIL ITEM NR K (ii) 3(7/2015)

DESCRIPTION Due to unforeseen issues that come to light during the construction phase for the Krugersdorp West Swimming Pool the original tender value for tender SS (SR) 11/2014 is increased to address challenges linked to sealing, filtration and piping.

AWARDED TO Ultrasonic Express (Pty) Ltd

AMOUNT R 1 745 046.82 (increase in original tender value) 1 745 047

SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process

COUNCIL ITEM NR K (ii) 3(8/2015)

DESCRIPTION General Valuation Roll Integration Project (phase 2) into BIQ system

AWARDED TO Northwest Valuations Services cc

AMOUNT R 931 620.44 931 620

SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to follow the normal SCM process

COUNCIL ITEM NR K(ii) 3(08/2015)

DESCRIPTION Emergency Repair and Supply of Material for street and public lighting repairs
(Section 32 approvals not received from other organs of state)

AWARDED TO Genlux Ligthning , Industrial Poles and Masts Pty Ltd, Jupiter Electrical Wholesalers
AMOUNT R 8 740 586.34+R 194 845.00+R 427 243.42 9 362 675

SECTION Section 36 (1)(a)(v) – impractical to embark on a an official procurement process

56. Risk management

Capital risk management

The municipality's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the municipality's ability to continue as a going concern in order to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the municipality consists of debt, which includes the borrowings (excluding derivative financial liabilities) disclosed in notes 14, cash and cash equivalents disclosed in note 5, and equity as disclosed in the statement changes in net assets.

Consistent with others in the industry, the municipality monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio.

This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the statement of changes in net assets plus net debt.

The municipality's strategy is to maintain a gearing ratio of between 4.6% to 5%.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

There have been no changes to what the municipality manages as capital, the strategy for capital maintenance or externally imposed capital requirements from the previous year.

Total borrowings

Finance lease obligation	14	11 559 295	3 612 980
Other financial liabilities	19	552 824 229	344 002 795
		564 383 524	347 615 775
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	5	165 853 425	96 704 604

Mogale City Local Municipality

(Registration number GT 481)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
56. Risk management (continued)		
Net debt	398 530 099	250 911 171
Total equity	5 152 589 060	5 161 374 948
Total capital	5 551 119 159	5 412 286 119

Financial risk management

The municipality's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Liquidity risk

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities. Cash flow forecast are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored.

Interest rate risk

The municipality's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the municipality to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the municipality to fair value interest rate risk. Municipality policy is to maintain approximately 100% of its borrowings in fixed rate instruments.

Credit risk

Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents and trade and other receivable from non exchange transactions and consumer debtors. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-party.

Trade receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluated credit risk relating to customers on an ongoing basis. If customers are independently rated, these ratings are used. Otherwise, if there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the board. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting period, and management does not expect any deficits from non-performance by these counterparties.

During the financial year management reviewed the useful life of its assets which resulted in change in accounting estimates. This change in accounting estimates resulted in a decrease in depreciation during the current financial year and future period.

The municipality reviews its foreign currency exposure, including commitments on an ongoing basis. The municipality expects its foreign exchange contracts to hedge foreign exchange exposure.

57. Borrowing cost

Borrowing Cost Capitalized	2015	2014
Opening Balance	4 440 027	2 398 781
Capitalized during the year	5 815 320	2 041 246
	10 255 347	4 440 027

Mogale city borrowed funds for infrastructure assets for the year under review 2014/15 financial year and also in 2012/13 financial year. during 2014/15 mogalecity borrowed 239 500 000 million at a fixed interest rate of 9.875% and in 2012/13 190 994 208 million at a fixed rate of 9.21%.

